### Rumsfeld ends Mideast trip

RABAT (R) — Donald Rumsfeld, President Reagan's special envoy to the Middle East, left for Washington Tuesday at the end of a tour of Middle Eastern and European capitals, Mr. Rumsfeld atrived Monday from Beirut where he had talks with President Amin Gemayel. During his brief stay in Rabat he was received by King Hassan. The purpose of his tour was to obtain the wit-'hdrawal of foreign troops from Lebanon, U.S. sources said. Officials here gave no details of his talks with the king. Mr. Rumsfeld. who replaced Robert McFarlane as the special U.S. envoy to the Middle East, also visited Egypt, Israel. Jordan and Syria during the just concluded trip, the first he made after assuming the new

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اراعك

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### King cables good wishes to Gemayel

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Majestyl King Hussein Tuesday sent a cable of good wishes to Lebanese President Amin Gemayel congratulating him on the occasion of Lebanon's independence day. In his cable, King Hussein expressed faith that the "noble Lebanese people under their wise leadership and with the help of God will restore security and stability, preserve its independence and territorial integrity that should be safeguarded with all its manifestations," the Jordanian News Agency. Petra, said. "These are basic requirements for the Lebanese people to rebuild their homeland and restore its leading role in the Arab World," the cable added, according to Petra.

#### Kittani leaves Amman

AMMAN (J.T.) — Iraqi Foreign Ministry Under-Secretary Issurat Kittani left Amman late Monday right on his way to the Yemen Arab Republic. Mr. Kittani, who arrived in Amman Monday, conveyed a verbal message from Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz to Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem on recent developments in the Arab and international arena, and Iraq's position towards them.

#### Fire bombs hurled at Israeli building

TEL AVIV (R) - Palestinians hurled four fire bombs at an Israeli military government building in the West Bank town of Turikarem overnight but caused no injuries or serious damage, Israeli officials said. Israeli authorities imposed a curfew on an adjoining Palestinian refugee camp for several hours to search for the attackers, the army

## Greek ship sunk

ATHENS (R) — Iraqi warplanes hit and sank a Greek merchant ship in a rocket attack Monday on shipping in the Gulf but all 19 crew members were safe, its owners said Tuesday. Iraq said Mon-day its airforce had destroyed seven "enemy" ships sailing from Iran's Kharg Island oil terminal.

#### Junblatt ends 😅 visit to Algeria

PARIS (R) - Walid Junblatt, leader of the Lebanese Progressive Socialist Party, left Algiers Tuesday after a brief visit during which he conferred with President Chadli Benjedid, the Algerian news agency APS received in Paris said. Mr. Junblatt also met leaders of the Algeria's ruling National Liberation Front to discuss the situation in Lebanon. The agency did not say where he was

## Assad meets aides

DAMASCUS (R) - Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, who reportedly underwent appendix surgery this month, received senior ministers and a military chief Tuesday for discussions on the Middle East and other topics, state-run Damascus Radio said. The radio did not say where the meeting took place.

## INSIDE

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- the world, page 5 Unknown Australian crushes Mandlikova.
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- with a roar, page 7 U.K. strengthens presence in N. Ireland, page

# Tripoli battle subdued after de facto ceasefire

TRIPOLI, Lebanon (R) — Rival Palestinian factions observed a de facto ceasefire Tuesday while diplomats and politicians struggled to patch together a more permanent

tranquil, a marked change from admother were wounded as they what one resident called the walked in the streets. 'hell" of heavy artillery and roc-.

Civilians walked through the streets, some queued at petrol sta-tions and others left the city with their bedding.

Syrian-aided opponents of Yas-

ser Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), are on the outskirts of Tripoli after taking the two refugee camps north of here.

On Monday, the rebels pen-etrated to about one kilometre from Mr. Arafat's headquarters in the Zahriveh district, according to Tripoli police sources and Mr. Arafat's top military aide, Khalil Al Wazir (Abu Jihad).

Abu Jihad told reporters that Palestinians and Syrians tried to advance with tanks and infantry units early Tuesday on loyalist positions at Mailouleh, northeast of the muddy Abu Ali River.

Police sources said no territory changed hands Tuesday. Sporadic sniping continued, however, and a

Kaddoumi

in Moscow

MOSCOW(R) - A senior aide of

beleaguered Palestinian leader

Tuesday for talks with Soviet lea-

ders, the official news agency

It said Farouk Kaddoumi, head

of the Political Department of the

Palestine Liberation Organisation

(PLO), was on a brief visit but

Informed Arab sources said Mr.

Kaddoumi had been invited by the

Kremlin to counterbalance a visit here two weeks ago by Syrian For-eign Minister Abdul Halim Kha-ddam.

Simultaneously, two representatives of two PLO groups

also trying to end the fighting flew

to Moscow from Damascus, Pal-

estinian sources said in the Syrian

All three were expected to ask

the Soviet Union to help stop the

clashes in Tripoli, north Lebanon.

where Syrian-backed rebel gue-

rrillas are besieging the PLO lea-

The Palestinians who flew from

Damascus were Ahmad Yamani

of the Popular Front for the Lib-

eration of Palestine (PFLP) and

Yasser Abed Rabbo of the Dem-

ocratic Front for the Liberation of

According to Arab diplomats,

Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei

Gromyko strongly criticised Syria's attitude at his talks with

Mr. Gromyko urged Syria to

stop backing the rebels and use its

influence to bring about a peaceful

solution but met a blank refusal

The Soviet Union has remained

neutral over the current fighting

Syria highlights Soviet ambassador's statement

Meanwhile in Damascus,

Syria's state-controlled new-

spapers Tuesday frontpaged a sta-

tement by Soviet Ambassador,

Vladimir Youkhine of "excellent

Mr. Youkhine made the sta-

tement Monday at a meeting with

the speaker of the Syrian People's

Assembly (parliament), Mah-moud Al Zo'ubi.

The media treatment reflected

Syria's desire to highlight Soviet-

Syrian co-coperation after Mr. Khaddam's visit to Moscow.

In an apparent reference to

Western press reports that Mr.

Khaddam received a rap over the

knuckies from the Kremlin, Mr.

Youkhine denounced "groundless

lies" broadcast by "hostile mass

from Mr. Khaddam, they said.

Palestine (DFLP).

Ár. Khaddam.

gave no further details.

arrives

TASS reported.

capital.

This northern port was mostly three-year-old girl and her gra-

Dissidents in Damascus annket barrages over the past several. ounced a unilateral ceasefire Monday afternoon, but the city was bombarded during the eve-

> Abu Jihad said no one officially told his side of a ceasefire, though he said his men were not shooting. He said the Syrians and Palestinian rebels were reinforcing their positions and he expected a new assault.

But new efforts were being made to prevent further strife. Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal and a separate four-man mediation committee from the Non-Aligned Movement flew to Damascus for talks with Syrian leaders on the fighting. A delegation from the Sunni

Muslim spiritual leadership, led by former Prime Minister Selim Al Hoss, went to Tripoli Tuesday to meet Mr. Arafat while other Sunni aders went to Damascus.

The police sources said the negotiators were setting their sights low, not trying "to resolve the sit- PLO"."

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — A

four-man mediation committee

effort to end inter-Palestinian str-

ife in north Lebanon where Pal-

estine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat is

besieged by Syrian-backed rebels.

The team, which arrived from

Kuwait, includes Indian Foreign

Minister Narasimha Rao, Cuban

Foreign Minister Isidoro Mal-

mierca. Yugoslav Foreign Min-

ister Lazar Mojsov and the head of Senegal's U.N. diplomatic mis-

The four enoys were expected to meet Foreign Minister Abdul

Halim Khaddam later Tuesday for

talks on ways to resolve Pal-

estinian disputes. They are also

expected to have similar talks with

In Kuwait, the committee met

Meanwhile, Saudi Foreign Min-

ister Prince Saud Al Faisal also

flew here Tuesday to follow up

efforts by the six-nation Gulf

Co-operation Council (GCC) to

stop Palestinian fighting in north

The GCC groups Saudi Arabia

and Kuwait, both strong sup-porters of the Palestinians, Bah-

rain, Qatar, the United Emirates

DBAIYE, Lebanon (R) -- Israel

reimposed tight security at the

Awali Bridge into South Lebanon

in cars packed with explosives,

They said that until further not-

would revert to the permit system

mando drove a van-bomb into an

the southern port of Tyre on Nov.

The explosion killed 61 people,

including 29 Israelis and many

Lebenese and Palestinians under

Traffic moved across the bridge

freely in both directions Monday

for the first time since the bomb

attack, but on Tuesday people

wishing to drive private cars south

would again need special passes, the officials said.

full of explosives were planning to

go down there," said Bruce Kas-

hdan, an Israeli Foreign Ministry

official at their liaison bureau in

We had information that cars

detention in the building.

Israeli officials said.

system to cross Awali

Tuesday after receiving int- suade Israel to relax the res-

elligence reports of plans to drive trictions, which many southerners

ice Israeli troops at the bridge aeli troops in the south have faced

imposed after a suicide com- roadside explosion which killed

Israeli security headquarters in six last Thursday.

Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh

Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah.

Palestinian leaders.

Lebanon.

Abu Jihad said the loyalist leaders were discussing "all things" with the leaders of Tripoli, including a possible Arafat wit-

Most of Tripoli's leaders have called on Mr. Arafat to pull out of Tripoli, though he retains the sup-port of the city's most powerful militia, a Sunni fundamentalist group called the Islamic Unification Movement.

Arafat spokesman Ahmad Abdulrahman said the movement had decided to fight for Mr. Arafat's right to stay in Tripoli. He repeated Mr. Arafat's decision not to leave if such groups ask him to

He warned that if Mr. Arafat's opponents tried to advance into Pripoli, there would be a long battle. "If it begins, the battle for Tripoli will not stop," he said. "It means that all parties will lose control of their forces."

Though Mr. Arafat's men have lost so far in the battle north of here, Abu Jihad said their situation was not desperate. He said they would be able to defend their positions in street fighting with the aid of the Sunni militiamen.

"They haven't come to the jungle of cement yet." he said. "We still have our will. We will not yield. We will not say to the Syrians, 'come and control the

Informed sources said Prince

Faisal might also brief Syrian off-

Lebanese President Amin Gem-

mediating role between the Leb-

anese government and Syria and

was instrumental in arranging a

fragile ceasefire between pro-

government forces in Lebanon

and Syrian-backed militias two

Mr. Arafat has repeatedly acc-

used Syria of backing the rebels in

his Fateh movement, the biggest

faction under the PLO umbrella.

In June, Syria expelled the PLO

chairman after he publicly accused

the Syrians of supporting the dis-

sidents and encouraging them to attack loyalists based in north

On Tuesday, a fragile ceasefire

was holding in the north Lebanese

port city of Tripoli where Mr. Ara-

the lovalists were forced to wit-

in north Lebanon, Nahr Al Bared

pletely under their control but Mr.

Arafat said Sunday the loyalists

still occupy part of it. Nahr Al

Bared fell to the rebels 10 days

The Lebanese government last

week asked Western states to per-

fear could be the prelude to a de

a series of attacks, culminating in a

one Israeli soldier and wounded

In response the Israeli air force

raided positions in Druze and

Syrian-held areas in the central

The restrictions at the Awali

brought the Israeli liaison bureau

to the attention of the Lebanese

public for the first time since it

opened its doors in early Sep-

Lebanese civilians queued out-

side the tightly guarded villa Tue-

sday to get their permits to the

south, available only here and in

the southern Israeli-held port of

Sidon. Israeli officials said they

had issued hundreds in the past

Lebanese mountains.

tember.

Since the bombing in Tyre Isr-

facto partition of the country.

Baddawi, the rebels say, is com-

and Baddawi refugee camps.

Damascus denies the charges.

months ago.

Saudi Arabia has played a key

Non-aligned team in Syria

for efforts to end fighting

from the Non-Aligned Movement icials on talks in Riyadh over the

arrived here Tuesday in a fresh weekend between King Fahd and

## Saudi leader lambasts Palestinian dissidents

KUWAIT (R) — Sandi Crown Prince Abdullah Ibn Abdul Aziz launched a scathing attack on Palestinian rebels in an interview published here Tuesday, accus them of treason and depravity by attacking women, children and old

It was the strongest statement on the inter-Palestinian fighting in north Lebanon so far by the influential Saudis, who provide most of the financial support for Palestinian guerrillas, and suggested they may be taking a stronger sta-nce over the fighting, Western dip-

In the interview with the Kuwaiti news agency (KUNA), the crown prince, first deputy prime minister and Saudi number two behind King Fahd, avoided men-

But he left no doubt his vehment criticism was aimed at the Syrian-backed rebels besieging Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat in the Lebanese port of Tripoli.

"To control one refugee camp or two, or even more, does not legitimise illegitimate acts," KUNA quoted him as saying. "Our Arab and Muslim Nation

has not made all these sacrifices for a colonel or a brigadier to stage a coup against the authority entrusted with the Palestinian cause, represented by the Palestine Lib-eration Organisation, the sole leg-itimate representative of the Palestinian people," he said. The rebel movement, led by

Colonel Saeed Musa (Abu Musa) of Mr. Arafat's mainstream Fateh seen as a coup attempt against Mr. Arafat since the rebels are demanding that he give way to a collective leadership of the group.

## Iraqi army commander says 10,000 Iranians killed overnight

NEAR PENJWIN, Iraq (R) — The commander of Iraq's First Army Corps says his men killed more than 10,000 Iranians in a fierce one-night battle around the battered frontline town of Penjwin after an attempted Iranian offensive last weekend.

Speaking to the first reporters to visit the area since the Iranians' weekend onslaught, Major-General Maher Abed Al Rashid said thousands of bodies still litter the battlefield although the Iranians had managed to carry some of their dead away.

The commander, in the First Army Corps' headquarters a few kilometres from Penjwin and the Iranian border, said the Iranians had launched a 10-pronged thrust across a 30-kilometre stretch of border in the rugged mountain area last Saturday night.

By Sunday morning, more than 10,000 Iranians lay dead and the Iraqis had driven the rest of the attackers back across the border, Maj.-Gen. Rashid said.

Penjwin, in the heart of the rugged mountains inhabited mainly by ethnic Kurds. is about five kilometres west of the tranian border and some 20 kilometres west of the Iranian town of Marivan.

Maj.-Gen. Rashid said Penjwin, a small town made up mainly of houses built from mud. was deserted. Its inhabitants began fleeing at the start of the Iran-Iraq war 38 months ago and after continuous Iranian shelling of the town, it was eventually completely evacuated, he said.

The atmosphere around the First Army Corps headquarters was still tense during the reporters' visit, with the Iraqi troops remaining on the alert.

"Despite their huge losses, they might try to attack again at any time because they do not care for the lives of their people," the commander said.

Describing the weekend battle.

Iraqi helicopter gunships devastated the enemy, swooping against them in the dark, the commander said.

The Iranian attack was their third attempt to break through Iraqi defences around Penjwin in the past month, it was the 10th Iranian attempt to breach Iraqi defences since Iraq pulled its forces from Iranian territory back to defensive positions.

Maj.-Gen. Rashid said regular Iraqi troops, backed by Iranian Kurdish guerrillas opposed to the Tehran government under Ayatoliah Ruhollah Khomeini, had followed the Iranians into Iranian territory after Sunday's battle.

He also said there had been Iraqi Kurds, opposed to the Baghdad government, fighting alongside the Iranians during the latest offensive.

The Iraqi commander said any he said the Iraqis threw everything Kurds captured by the Iraqis at the Iranian attackers, including would not be treated as prisoners tanks, heavy artillery, rockets and of war. He did not elaborate.

#### Aziz visit signals better Soviet-Iraqi ties demning the establishment of a ntries will "continue to develop MOSCOW (R) — Iraqi Foreign

Minister Tareq Aziz left Moscow Tuesday following talks which Arab diplomats said had improved bilateral relations despite Soviet neutrality in the Gulf war. Mr. Aziz was quoted by TASS

news agency as saying that his discussions with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko had been very useful and "marked by the spirit of friendship and profound mutual understanding."

I should like to note that I feel satisfaction with the results of this visit," the Iraqi minister added. According to a report in the Communist Party daily Pravda Tuesday, both sides declared that no country had the right to interfere in the affairs of the Gulf states "under any pretext, including that of ensuring freedom of navigation.

The phrasing echoed earlier Soviet pronouncements conUnited States to intervene in the Gulf if oil shipping lanes should be blocked.

But Western diplomats said it

took on much greater significance at a time when Iran has threatened to obstruct the Gulf if Iraq cuts off Iranian oil exports. Most Western analysts said they believed that one reason for the

minister's visit was to seek new Soviet military supplies. They added that there was a hint in the account of Tuesday's

talks that these may have been granted. The report said the two countries had agreed to build up their

relations on the basis of a 1972 But links with Iraq have clearly friendship treaty, an accord which been on the mend. Last summer Gulf war three years ago.

The treaty states that both cou- boost in bilateral trade.

rapid deployment force by the cooperation in strengthening their defence capacity.

Mr. Aziz' visit appeared to restore relatively friendly ties between Moscow and Baghdad following three years of strain. Early in the Gulf war, the Soviet

Union suspended arms supplies to Iraq and published outspoken attacks on the Baghdad government from Iraqi dissidents. Over the post year its attitude

has changed. Relations with Iran have deteriorated sharply, especially following the arrest of leaders of the Iranian Communist Party and the expulsion of Soviet diplomats earlier this year.

But links with Iraq have clearly has rarely been mentioned by Iraqi officials said Moscow had Moscow since the outbreak of the resumed supplies of some war materials and there had been a

## Bonn missile debate nears end; protesters not visible

lear strategy neared its end Tuesday with no repetition of Monday's angry protests in the streets but with deep divisions in par-

liament. The centre-right coalition gov-ernment of Chancelior Helmut Kohl is assured of a majority for deployment of new U.S. nuclear missiles on West German soil.

fat is besieged by the rebels after But after almost 20 hours of debate the consensus that Bonn hdraw from their last strongholds has long been accustomed to expect on key NATO policy issues was clearly dead and the vast maiority of opposition Social Dem- sday by their small numbers.

BONN (R) — West Germany's ocrats (SPD) remained det-two-day debate on NATO's nuc-emined to vote "no".

"What good will a couple of more weapons do the (NATO) alliance when it risks hearts and minds," former SPD Chancellor Willy Brandt demanded.

Mr. Brandt caused uproar when he called Heiner Geissler, Mr. Kohl's party general secretary, the government's hired sla-

Anti-Nuclear demonstrators. perhaps deterred by Monday's liberal use by police of watercannon, were conspicuous Tue-

## Soviets, U.S. to continue talks on strategic missiles

Israel reimposes permit negotiators met for one hour Tuesday at a regular session of talks on limiting inter-continental strategic missiles, and will meet again next Tuesday, a U.S. spokesman said. The Strategic Arms Reduction Talks (START) are held in parallel with U.S.-Soviet negotiations here on limiting medium-range nuclear missiles in Europe.

> Tuesday's meeting was shorter than recent START sessions. which usually last more than two

But U.S. sources said the negotiators continued discussions at a working lunch, and that there was the two sets of negotiations may no political significance in the be combined.

GENEVA (R) -- Soviet and U.S. comparative brevity of the formal meeting.

> There have been suggestions that Moscow may break off the Intermediate-range Nuclear Forces (INF) talks at a scheduled session Wednesday, following a crucial vote Tuesday night in the Bonn parliament which is expected to approve the deployment of a new generation of U.S. missiles in West Germany.

It is not clear whether a Soviet walkout from the INF talks would mean a suspension of the START talks, but there is a possibility that

## T. GARGOUR & FILS

Regret to announce that, due to unavoidable circumstances, the cocktail party at the Amra Hotel this evening to welcome

Capt. Milan Mahnic and Capt. Mohamed Osman, of Sudan Shipping Line, is cancelled.

## Seven killed in Soviet Georgia hijack attempt

were killed in a gun battle on a Soviet plane last Friday after eight young hijackers, including three women, tried to force it to fly to Turkey, informed Soviet sources said Tuesday.

They said the group, which came aboard in a wedding party. evaded strict security to commandeer the plane after it took off from Tbilisi, the capital of Soviet Georgia, on an internal flight to

the Black Sea port of Batumi. Officials at Toilish airport control tower confirmed to Western reporters details of the incident, the 14th reported hijacking in the Soviet Union since 1970.

The sources, contacted in Tbilisi, said three crew members and three passengers were killed in the shooting, which broke out after the pilots fooled the hijackers about their route and landed again at Thilisi.

One hijacker who died is believed to have shot himself, the sources said. They added that Georgian tel-

evision announced the incident last weekend but said only that a 'number of people" had died. The sources quoted eye-

MOSCOW (R) - Seven people witnesses who watched the plane taxi to a halt and then saw airport guards storm the craft. In the gun fight the chief pilot, flight mechanic and a stewardess died along with three passengers.

The sources said the five men and three women hijackers included sons and daughters of prominent Georgian officials and cultural figures. They boarded the plane with

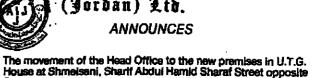
ding party in Tbilisi. It was not clear if the newly-weds, now in detention, were among the hijackers, the sources added. They said an investigation had been launched into how the group managed to smuggle weapons thr-

the bride and groom after a wed-

ough the strict security controls in force at all internal airports. Soviet passengers usually have to pass through a metal-detecting archway similar to those at Western airports. Luggage is often searched by hand or screened by

X-ray cameras. But hijackers have evaded security and attempted, sometimes successfully, to commandeer Soviet airliners to the West, usually to Turkey or Scandinavia because they are close to Soviet territory.

Al-Ahlia Insurance Company (Jordan) Ttd. **ANNOUNCES** 



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## MIDDLE EAST

## Hernu reassures France air raid was successful

PARIS (R) - French Etendard fighter-bombers had fal- contingent in Beirut. President **Defence Minister Charles** Hernu has shown photographs on television of a raid by French warplanes against Shi'ite militia camp in eastern Lebanon and said the attack had succeeded in inflicting selective damage to "terrorists".

The move Monday contrasted with a cautious attitude adopted by officials who even declined initially to identify the target of last week's strike. This attitude and conflicting reports from the Middie East had led commentators to express serious doubts over the weekend about the outcome of the operation.

Four days after Thursday's air raid, Mr. Hernu's intervention on both TV channels appeared aimed at dispelling these doubts.

In a programme recorded Monday for televsion only, Mr. Hernu produced two aerial pictures of "Sheikh Abadallah's camp", east of Baalbek which, he said, showed that all 250-kg and 400-kg bombs dropped by the French Super-

MOSCOW (R) --- A commentary

on Soviet state television Monday

night condemned the fighting

between Palestinian forces in the

The commentary said the civ-

ilian residents of Tripoli were the

victims of a senseless war which

could help only Israel and the Uni-

"This fratricidal conflict is kil-

The commentary was the sha-

rpest so far from vloscow on the

conflict and also told Soviets for

the first time that Yasser Arafat.

leader of the Palestine Liberation

Arab League

Arab capitals

ΓUNIS (R) - Arab League

Secretary-General Chadli Klibi

left Funis for Algiers Tuesday on a

tour of Arab capitals to try to halt

inter-Palestinian fighting in Leb-

anon, a League spokesman said.

Arab proposals for ending the fig-

hting and the possibility of con-

vening an urgent meeting of Arab

foreign ministers to study the crisis

Dr. Klibi would discuss various

chief tours

ling entirely innocent people," it

Lebanese city of Tripoli.

ted States.

len inside the camp.

saying some bomb craters could be seen outside the camp and that militiamen prevented them from having a look inside.

The minister said that nearby houses had been spared by the French bombs and that the whole exercise had been carried out with extreme accuracy. Hinting that the bombs had only caused partial damage to the camp, he said the raid was not meant to destroy the whole camp.

The defence ministry's initial announcement of the raid said it had been staged as a pre-emptive measure to prevent further attacks on the French multinational force from ground batteries.

François Mitterrand had said earlier that last month's killing of 55 French soldiers in a suicide homb and. attack would not go unpunished.

The target of the air raid was reported to have been a training kesman Larry Speakes, did not camp occupied by the pro-Iranian repeat the U.S. demand that last camp occupied by the pro-Iranian Islamic Amal (hope Shi ite group ) which French authorities blamed for the bomb attack.

he had not sent other planes after ; between the Greek and Turkish the raid to take pictures in order to assess the damage. Mr. Hernu said + the attacking planes had already taken some pictures, night was falling and it was too risky as the attacking Super-Etendards had already drawn air defence fire

# 'Morocco sets condition

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - An Israeli left-wing parliamentarian, who recently visited Morocco, said King Hassan was ready to recognise Israel if Israel accepted the Palestinians' right to

Charlie Biton, a member of the

orters he visited Morocco earlier this month and had a meeting with King Hassan.

The king told me Morocco would recognise Israel if Israel

recognised Palestinian rights, including their right to selfdetermination and a Palestinian

> Cypriot declaration. Later Turkish Foreign Minister

# Reagan urges for Cypriot talks Numeiri blames Israel,

wASHINGTON(R) - President Reagan has appealed to Cyprus President Spyros Kyprianou not to allow the Turkish-Cypriot declaration of an independent state to stand in the way of efforts to settle the decade-long dispute on the isl-

Mr. Reagan's appeal Monday. as relayed to reporters by spoweek's declaration be reversed. Officials said the United States had not abandoned hope of a rev-Asked in a radio interview why i ersal but that resumption of talks communities offered the best hopes for a Cyprus settlement.

Reporting on the Reagan-Kyprianou talks. Mr. Speakes said: "In recognising that the sit-uation is complex, the president asked that the government of Cyprus not let this ill-advised unilateral act preclude consideration of any opportunities that may emerge for progress towards a set-

Greece has asked the United States to use its influence on Turkey which recognised the new 'state". But U.S. officials, while expressing regret, make it clear they opposed an arms embargo such as Congress imposed against Turkey following its invasion of northern Cyprus in 1974.

Vir. Kyprianou told reporters he was encouraged by his meetings with Mr. Reagan and Secretary of State George Shultz. He expressed appreciation for the U.S. opposition to the Turkish-

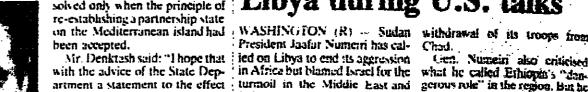
liter Turkmen told reporters the declaration was "not the final

It was presented as an interim said the Cyprus problem would be

Malaysia, Nigeria take

Turkish aide visits Kuwait

pro-Greek stance as



that the U.S. recognises only one government in Cyprus, and that government is the government of Mr. Kypnanou, will not be for- with his condemnation of Israel. attack theoming, because if it does, then, the possibility of settling the Cyprus problem through negotiations between the two peoples of Cyprus will be destroyed for another 20 years.

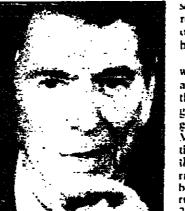
The Turkish-Cypriot leader told Mr. Reagan: The policy of the State Department to recognise one wing of a bi-communal state as its legitimate government has not been helpful in solving the problem for 20 years." He continued; "Mr. president,

please do not misunderstand my pointing a finger at the State Department. I am not doing this out of discourtesy or anger." He traced U.S. recognition back

to 1964, when he said a reference to "the government of Cyprus" was inserted into a Security Council resolution despatching a United Nations force to the island to try to keep peace between the two communities.

Although he protested at the time, Mr. Denktash said, the State Department convinced the government of Turkey that time should not be wasted on semantics when blood was flowing in Cyp-

It also assured Ankara that the Security Council would interpret the resolution and that "the government of Cyprus would be taken to mean the bi-communal government, he added.



Ronald Reagan

#### step and it was clearly stated that the aim is to continue the intercommunal negotiations for an eventual peaceful and lasting settlement on the island," he said after talks with Mr. Shultz.

He said Turkey had no intention of reversing its decision to recognise the new northern Cyprus "state" which has failed to win acceptance in virtually all the world's capitals.

Despite the flurry of Reagan administration activity on the Cyprus dispute, officials said the United States was not taking the lead in seeking a settlement.

Instead, it is supporting the efforts of U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar

Meanwhile. Turkish-Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash told President Reagan Monday that any hope of a negotiated Cyprus settlement would be set back 20 years if he recognised the Greek Cypriot-led administration as the only government of Cyprus. In a letter to Mr. Reagan, he

# solved only when the principle of Libya during U.S. talks

President Jasfar Numerri has cal- Chad. Mr. Denktash said: "I hope that | led on Libya to end its aggression in Africa but blamed Israel for the what he called Ethiopin's "danartment a statement to the effect turmoil in the Middle East and gerous role" in the region, But he Lebanon.

Gen. Numero, on a two-day Gen. Numeiri is one of the few Arableaders to have voiced public support for president Reagan's Middle East peace initiative of Sept. J. 1982.

In an exchange of statements Monday at the White House, Mr. Reagan, who has often expressed a firm U.S. commitment to Israel. of refugees from neighbouring on the Middle East.

But Gen. Numeiri, responding to the president's remarks, said: his utmost to stop Israel's exp- ican nation. ansionist policies."

Presidents Reagan and Numeiri ica were a threat and called for U.S. official said.

Cen. Numein also criticised did not publicly mention Sudanese charges that Ethician was massing U.S. visit, surprised some officials troops for a possible cross-border

> He said Libya and Ethiopia were executing policies "serving the interests of a superior power an apparent reference to the boy-

Gen. Numeiri-expressed concern over the increasing numbers said he and the Sudanese leader countries, particularly Ethiopia. find ourselves in basic agreement and called on the Umled States to continue to help with the problem.

The United States this year is providing the Sudan with 52ta "Israel remains the cause of the million in economic aid and 50 problem in the Middle East. We million in military aid, the largest call on President Reagan to exert assistance programme for any Afr-

Gen. Numeiri probably would raise the possibility of increased agreed that Libya's policies in Afr- American aid during his visit, a

## Afghan general reported killed in rebel attack

ISLAMABAD(R) --- An Aighan The wrecked cruft and bodies of Afghan or Soviet officials were kil- away, they said. led last week when guerrillas shot down their helicopter south of Kabul. Western diplomats said here Tuesday.

Maj. Gen. Mohammad Abdul Azim, commander of the army's south in a Soviet built MI-8 escorted by four helicopter gunships when it was attacked, they quoted their embassies in Kabul as saying.

They said the sources of their embassies reported that the heliconter, believed to have been carrying about 24 people, was brought down by heavy machine gun fire but two other sources claimed it was hit by a heat-seeking mis-

took place last Monday or Tuesday 15 kilometres south of the Afghan capital.

they quoted the embassy reports as saying.

of Kabul, was buried on Wednesday in a funeral publicly announced by the state-controlled media, they said.

The diplomats said that shooting down the helicopter was the orts of an attack on the historic most spectacular of a series of intensified attacks in Kabul by the Soviet army compound. guerrillas opposed to the Sovietbacked government of President Babrak Karmal.

The sources added that Soviet

forces shelled and strated nearby villages in retaliation for the attack. killing several civilians and The diplomats said the attack

of the capital. Mr. Karmal, who took power in the wake of the December 1974 Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, has been speaking more often in public and a large con-

and Thursday to display their support for the government. But the diplomats said almost

in Kabul.

Other targets included the defbased near Karga just northwest ence ministry, military posts on the outskirts of Kabul and a houofficials and Soviet and East Eur-

Bala Hissar fort, an important

routine flight to the copper mine. filling in craters on the roads.

# for recognition of Israel'

self-determination.

new Communist Party, told rep- state," Mr. Biton said. Soviet TV condemns Fateh battles

> urday that the Kremlin was taking vigorous steps" to try to end the schism within the PLO. It gave no details but Arab dip-

The TV news commentary inc-

Organisation (PLO), was losing backs, it said rebel PLO units now out to his opponents. controlled the two big Palestinian refugee camps in the area and had The Soviet Communist Party encircled Mr. Arafat's heanewspaper Pravda said on Sat-Until now, Soviet reports have

never made clear that vir. Arafat. well known to the Soviet public after several visits to Moscow, was lomats say .Moscow has been putting strong pressure on Syria to end its backing for the PLO rebels. in serious danger of defeat by his

State TV said the continued figluded film clips of the fighting in hting was causing great harm to the interests of the Palestinian Pripoli and said artillery and other heavy weapons were being used in people and declared that most Arab states wanted to see an end a densely built-up area. Reporting Mr. Arafat's set- to it.

## **Egyptian** police said detain 35

CAIRO (R) --- Egyptian security forces have detained 35 people on suspicion that they belong to an extremist group of Muslim fundamentalists. the authoritative Al-Ahram newspaper reported

Monday night. No immediate confirmation could be obtained from officials of the report in the early edition of Fuesday's issue of the newspaper.

as suggested by Saudi Arabia, the It said the detainees were susspokesman said. One proposal put forward by pected of belonging to the "Takfir Tunisian President Habib Bouwal Hijra" (atonement and flight) rguiba Monday was for the cremovement. The prosecutor was ation of an Arab military and polinvestigating reports that they itical mission to supervise an evetried to reorganise the movement ntual ceasefire in Lebanon, the after earlier arrest that followed Funisian news agency TAP said. | its 1977 killing of a minister.

## **Egyptians** seize hashish worth S60m

the biggest drug haul in Egypt in 25 years. Interior Minister Hassan Abu Basha said Tuesday.

He told a news conference 11 smugglers, including a Yugoslav, a Moroccan and nine Egyptians. were caught near the Egyptian Mediterranean city of Port Said last Friday as they were trying to steer a privately-owned boat to the tiny port of El-Tor on the western coast of the Sinai Peninsula. Mr. Abu Basha said seven other smugglers involved in the operation were still at large.

CAIRO (R) -- Egyptian police have seized about 8.7 tonnes of hashish worth about 50 million Egyptian pounds (860 million) in

#### KUALA LUMPUR (R) -- Mal- eduled departure for the Comaysian Foreign Minister Tan Sri monwealth conference in New Chazali Shafie has called on the Delhi said: "Nigeria recognises international community to make only one Cyprus which is a memefforts to rebuild trust and con- ber of the Commonwealth and fidence between Turkish and appeals to the leaders of the two

Greek Cypriots. to bring the two parties for reconciliation in the spirit of a united Cyprus, he said, commenting on last week's declaration of an independent republic by Turkish

Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash. The national news agency Bernama quoted him as saying Malavsia did not favour any move leading to dismemberment of a sovereign nation.

Malaysia considered the good offices of the United Nations secretary general as the most appropriate forum for pursuing a settlement of the Cyprus problem, he added.

Nigeria too. has condemned the Furkish-Cypriot declaration of independence as "clearly illegal." An official statement prior to President Shehu Shagari schCypriot communities to resume talks aimed at securing a final solution to preserve the integrity of the republic.

It said the declaration "is clearly illegal and one which will not augur well for the peaceful coexistence and eventual integration of the various communities in Cyprus."

Turkish Defence Minister Haluk Bayulken will brief Kuwaiti officials Tuesday on the Cyprus situation, officials said. Mr. Bavulken is also carrying a message from President Kenan

Evren to the Emir, Sheikh Ahmed Al-Jaber Al-Sabah, dealing with the Cyprus issue, they added. He arrived here from Saudi Arabia Monday night after del-

ivering a similar message to King

## Bangladesh says Greek ties intact DHAKA (R) --- Military ruler

Lt.-Gen. Hossain Mohammad Ershad denied Tuesday that Greece had broken off diplomatic relations with Bangladesh because Dhaka had recognised the independence of northern Cyprus.

Ershad told reporters before leaving for Delhi to attend the Commonwealth summit.

leader Rauf Denktash, saying they were still considering the matter. Greece said last week it was cutting off diplomatic ties with Bangladesh after reports that Dhaka had recognised the Turkish Cyp-

Gen. Ershad said Bangladesh

"Greece has not cut off diplomatic relations with us." Gen.

Officials here have denied Dhaka had recognised the state proclaimed by Turkish-Cypriot

riot state, and would decide whether to restore ties with Bangladesh when Dhaka's final position on the issue was clear.

supported Mr. Denktash's proposal for a confederation of Greek and Turkish Cyprus. adding: "This will do immense good to Cyprus."

Those on board included sevsouth to visit the Ainaq copper mine in the nearby Logar Valley.

Mr. Azim. whose division is

Peshawar-based guerrilla sou-

army Major General and about 11. the victims were quickly taken

destroying over a dozen houses. eighth division, was travelling came as the government media was trying to show it was in control

vention of tribal and local leaders was held in Kabul last Wednesday

The diplomats said the attack all of the 423 participants were government employees or progovernment figures already living

They said artillery, mortar, roceral high-ranking army officers, ket and heavy machine gun tire Soviet officials and agriculture rang out every night from Thuministry officials. They were flying and a bomb exptoded in a neighbourhood Communist Party office on Thursday night, killing three party mem-

> sing complex where many Afghan opeans live, they said. They said there were also rep-

They said residents driving near the defence and interior ministries as well as the city's main grain silo and bakery on the mornings after rces said the helicopter was on a attacks saw military repair crews

## TV & RADIO

.... Cartoons

... That's Incredible

..... Local Series

..... Programme Review
.... Programme on Agriculture
News in Arabic

..... Arabic Series

### **JORDAN TELEVISION** MAIN CHANNEL ..... Cartoons

FOREIGN CHANNEL	
18:00	French Programm
19:00	News in French
19:30 .	News in Hebres
. 29:00	News in Arabi
28-30	Three's Compan
21-f20	Documentary: Raphac
22-00	
22.15	··· ······· ivens in custos
	Hill Street Blue
1 1	RADIO JORDAN
3 855	CH- AM I DU MH- EM

22 KHZ, AM & 99 MHZ, FM & pardy on 9560 KH+ SW

18 (	paray on 4500 KHz, SW
<b>07:00</b> .	
U	Neus Bulletin
10:00 .	News Summary
70-65	Morning Show
12:00	ANOTHING MOW
12.05	News Summary
12.00	Pop Session
13:CO .	News Summary
13:05 .	Pon Session
14:00	News Bulletin
14:10	instrumentals
14:30	Animal. Vegetable. Mineral
15-00	
16:C9	Concert Hour
10:00	News Summary
16:05 .	Instrumentals. Old Favourites
17:00	Jordan Weekly
18:69 .	News Summary
18:95	Over a Cup of Tea. Music
18:30	Classicai Notes
	Newsdesk
19:30	Date with a Star
20-60	Evening Show
21.60	
41.00	(Yews Summary
. 1:85ء	Evening Show

**BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Waveguide 66:40

Book Choice 06:45 Financial News 06:55 Reflections 07:49 World News 07:89 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 What's New 07:45 The World Today 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Sir Adrian Boult: A Life of Music 09:00 World News 99:09 24 Hours News Summary 09:30 Kings of Jazz 09:45 Report on Religion 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 World News 19:09 Reflections 10:15
Peebles' Choice 10:36 Kenneth Walliams' Cabaret 11:00 World News 11:09
British Press Review 11:15 The World
Today 11:30 Financial News 11:40 Look
Ahead 11:45 Caught In the Act 12:15
Breakthrough 12:30 A Memorable
Scene 12:50 Recording of the Week
13:00 World News 13:69 News about
Britania 13:15 Coast to Coast 13:30 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newspeel 14:15 NewIdian 14:15 Revenue 14:15 NewIdian 14:15 Revenue 14:15 Revenue 14:15 NewIdian 14:15 Revenue 14:15 Revenue 14:15 NewIdian 14:15 Revenue 14:15 idian 14:49 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Nat-ure Notebook 14:25 The Farming World 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:40 World News 15:69 24 Hours News Summary 15:23 At Home with... 15:45 Two Hundred Years of Piano Playing 16:15 Report on Religion 16:36 Kenneth Williams' Cabaret 17:08 Radio Newsreet 17:15 Outlook 18:08 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Rock Salad 18:45 The World Today 19:00 Salad 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 Monitor 19:25 New Ideas 19:36 Waveguide 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 Newsdeck 20:30 Top Twenty 21:00 Outlook 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:45 Look Ahead 21:45 Viennese Nights 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Assignment 23:00 Network U.K. 23:15 International Soccer 23:30 Jazz for the Asking 24:00 World News 00:09 The

Top Twenty **VOICE OF AMERICA** 

Sports Round-up 01:80 World News; Commentary 01:15 Coast to Coast 01:30

Asking 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Book Choice 22:30 Financial News 00:40 Reflections 90:45

1200, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725 KHz 05:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Ariswers to Listener's Questions. Science Digest. News Summary at 30 minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 Focus 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 28:30 Now Music USA 21:90 Newsline 21:30 Magazine Show 22:90 News and Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:90 VOA World

## **TODAY'S EVENTS**

## **EXHIBITIONS**

Paintings by Ahmad Nawash at the French Cultural Centre.

\* Photographs by Saher Al Farkh, at the Intercontinental Hotel. Paintings by Princess Fahrelnissa Zeid, at the Royal Cultural Centre.

CONCERT American pianist Mary Stanton per-

forms at the Royal Cultural Centre at LECTURE By Prof. Svend Holm-Nielsen speaks

on "The Danish Excuration at Umm Qais (Gadara)" at the Goethe Institute

## **CULTURAL CENTRES**

COSTONED CENT	ILLO
Royal Cultural Centre . Tel: (	661026:7
American Centre	44371
American Centre library	
British Council	36147-8
French Cultural Centre	37(x) <sup>(y</sup>
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	39777
Haya Arts Centre	665195
Hussein Youth City	
Y.W.C.A.	11701
Y.W.M.A	
Amman Municipal Library	,0111
University of Jordan Library	543333

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics. from Madeba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760 Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquitief Jordan. Jabal gavl gqal's (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.10 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m.

4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

**MUSEUMS** 

## WHAT'S GOING ON Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dat-ing from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.—4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel.

664240 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9,00 a.m. - 5,00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

## SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tythe Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

Lious Philadelphia Clash. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Clash. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.

1.31 p.m.

## Rotary Clab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman. Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261. CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholica Jabai Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabai Luweibdeh. 37440. De la Salle Claurch (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) labal Amman, 41559. ian Catholic Church Ashrafieh. nism Orthodox Church Ashrafich. **Armen** 75261.

## Astranen, 1/1/31. Astranen International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 66/3249. PRAYER TIMES

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox)

Ashrafich, 71751.

4:47	Fajr
6:12	(Surrise) Shuruq
1:22	Dhuhr
	'Asr
6:33	Maghreb
7:58	'Isha

## FOR THE TRAVELLER AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia inf-ormation department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250, where it should always be verified.

.. Cairo (EA)

. Čairo (EA)

...... Karachi (PIA)

	Dubai, Abu Dahbi (RJ)
09:45	Dhahran, Kuwait (RJ)
09:45	
10:15	Beirut (RJ)
11:05	Muscat, Bahrain (KLM)
14-05	Cairo (EA)
14:40	Kuwait (KAC)
14:50	Bucharest (Tarom)
	Jeddah (Saxdia)
15:30	Baghdad (IA)
15:30	
16:30	Bangkok (RJ)
	Rio de Janeiro. Lisbon (IA)
17:15	New York, Vienna (RJ)
17:50	Copenhagen. Athens (RJ)
18:30	Cairo (RJ)
18:30	Beinut (MEA)
18:40	Madrid, Rome (RJ)
	Cairo (EA)
20:05	Cairo (EA)
	Frankfurt, Larnaca (LH)
<i>A</i> V:35	Zurich, Athens, Damascus (SR)
<del>00;3</del> 0	
00:45	Baghdad (RJ)

## DEPARTURES

. Cairo (RJ) ...... Larnaca. Frankfurt (LH) 06:30 07:00 08:00 Cairo (EA) Athens (OA) ..... Abu Dhabi, Karachi (PIA) 68:30 09:05 . 19:55 . Beirut (MEA) ..... Damascus, Rome (Alitalia) 11:00 11:39 Vienna, New York (RJ) Amsterdam (KLM) 11:55 ... London (RJ) 12:00 14:30 15:05 15:40 .. Cairo (RJ) . Kuwait (KAC .... Larnaca, Bucharest (Tarom 16:30 .... Baghdad (IA) . Jeddah (Saudia) ... Baghdad (IA)

### Kuwait, Dhahran (RJ) ... Bahrain, Doha (RJ) .... Jeddah (RJ) ..... Cairo (EA) 20:05 20:15 20:30

## MONEY EXCHANGE

Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)

Baghdad (RJ) ..... Cairo (RJ)

Local sell buy rates in fils
Belgian franc
Dutch milder 122 5/ 123 2
Egyptian guinea 336 340.3
French franc
Iraqi dinar
Italian lire (for 100) 22.7/ 22.9
Japanese yen (for 100) . 157.4 158.3
Kuwaiti dinar 1267 1272,6
Lebanese lira
Omani riyal 1068.3/ 1076.7
Qatari riyal 101/ 101,8
Saudi riyal 106.5/ 107
Swedish crown 46.5' 46.8
Swiss franc 169.9/ 170.9
Syrian lira
UAE dirham 100.6' 101.3
U.K. sterling pound 542.5' 546.8
U.S. dollar
W. German mark 137.2' 138

## WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be fair with an increase in temperature. Variable winds will be becoming southwesterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly mod-

Aqaba ......1428

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 19, Aqaba 26, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 19 per cent. Aqaba 26

## USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. **EMERGENCIES**

Fire headquarters 22091-3
Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777
Police headquarters 39141
Traffic police 56390-1
Electric Power Co. 36381-2
Municipal water service 71125-8 Queen Alia Int. Airport .. (UN) 53333

HOSPITALS
Hussein Medical Centre
NIGHT DUTY

## NICHI DUIX

Dr. Alef Al Dabbas .............. 668384

### .. 41199 23230 University taxi Tareq taxi 66 [(8)]

Dr. Ahmad Al Hayek ....

Al Nuzha pharmacy 30237 Wadi Al Naser pharmacy 56196 Shakhshir pharmacy 669395

### ZARQA: Dr. Mesbah Hijjawi \_\_\_\_\_81217 GENERAL

### Hotel complaints ...... Price complaints ...... Jordan and Middle East calls ...... 19

## MARKET PRICES

Apple (Golden)	Grapefruit
Apple (Starken)	Guava 180 : 150
Apple (Smith)	Leuton 130 / 100
Apple (local) 220 / 180	Marrow (large)
Banana	Marrow (small)
Banana (Mukammar) 23() - 2(1)	Mailow
Beans 180 ' ISU	Olives
Cabbage 70 / 50	Onion (dry)130 ' 110
Carrot	Okra 220 · 181
Cauliflower (white) 70 / 50	Oranges (Abu Surra) 220 ' tSt)
Cucumber (large) 120 / 80	Oranges (Shammont) 140 / 100
Cucamber (small)	Pepper (sweet)
Dates	Pepper (sweet)
Egeplant (large)	Pepper (hot green)
Eggplant (small)	Potatoes
Figs	Radish 100: 70
Gartic	Tomatoes 112 60

(irapes (white) ...

AMMAN (Petra) - Prime Minister Mudar Badran Tuesday morning received in his office visiting Sandi Interior Minister Navel Ibn Abdul Aziz.

During the meeting, which was attended by Interior Minister Ahmad Obeidat and Saudi Ambassador to Jordan Ibrahim Al Sultan, the two sides discussed various aspects of Jordanian-Saudi rel-

Later in the afternoon Mr. Sultan gave a dinner in honour of Prince Navef and Mr. Obeidat.

The dinner was attended by Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Tarawneh, National Consultative Council Speaker Suleiman Arar, Chief Chamberlain Ra'd Ibn Zaid. Armed Forces Chief of Staff Lt.-Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb, heads of diplomatic missions to Jordan, Security Forces senior officers and the accompanying Saudi del-

Tuesday evening Prince Nayef

## Canadian team briefed

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal 1967, and recognition of the Pal-Highness Crown Prince Hassan Tuesday morning received in his office a visiting Canadian parliamentary delegation.

Prince Hassan briefed the visiting team on recent developments in the Middle East situation in general, and on Israel's expausionist and settlement policies in the occupied Arab territories in

The meeting was also attended by Canadian Ambassador to Jordan Keith Maciellan.

Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Al Tarawneh also received the Canadian team nce towards a Middle East settlement that should be based on a total withdrawal of Israeli forces by Mr. Maclellan. from Arab territories occupied in Interview with Canadians below

and the role played by the Canadian parliamentarians in promoting peace and understanding between the two nations. On receiving the visiting team. National Consultative Council (NCC) Speaker Suleiman Arar stressed that all the problems the

region presently witnesses, the

Lebanese crisis included, ori-

ginate in the continuation of the Palestinian problem. Israel's increasing militarism, aided by continued U.S. assistance, is the core of trouble in the and briefed them on Jordan's sta- region, Mr. Arar told his Canadian guests.

The meeting was also attended

## Malhas opens hospital

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Health Zuhair Malhas Tuesday inaugurated the Ma'ath Ibn Jabal hospital in the Jordan Valley town of North Shunah. In addition to 18 beds, the hospital includes an operating theatre, X-ray facilities. laboratories and an emergency

centre. A group of specialised doctors, general surgeons and nurses will operate the hospital.

Dr. Malhas also inaugurated a medical centre at Manshiah also in the Shunah district. The centre includes a mother-and-child care centre and specialised clinics.



## Tamimi promoted Mufti

AMMAN (J.T.) - Sheikh Ezzeddin Al Khatib Al Tamimi has been appointed as Jordan's Mufti-General, the daily Arabic newspaper Sawt Al Shaab said Tuesday.

Mr. Ťamimi, the paper said, has resigned his seat as a National Consultative Council member in preparation for assuming his new responsibility. Mr. Tamimi expressed pride in the one and a half years he has spent as an NCC

## Minister tours camps

MADABA (Petra) --- Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim Tuesday conducted tour of the Madaba and Talibiyah refugee camps and enquired about the needs of their

Mr. Ibrahim met the elders of the Madaba refugee camp who said the camp needed a youth centre, training centre to teach girls how to sew and an improvement in health services.

Mr. Ibrahim said his present tour of Palestinian refugee camps was begun upon the instructions of His Majesty King Hussein who asked him to explore the needs and problems camp residents face. A special committee has been set up by the ministry to study camp

residents' needs and to work out ways of satisfying them. A technical committee has also been set up to study the organisational aspects of camp life in cooperation with the Madaba Municipality and the district governor.

Residents of the two camps expressed pride in the King's stance in support of Palestinian legitimacy and the Palestine Liberation Organisation leadership.

## Fahrelnissa exhibition draws us to a higher plane

By Cemil Eren

BRAILLE WATCHES: His Highness Prince Ra'd Ibn

Zaid (left), honorary president of the Friendship Society for the Blind, was presented Tuesday morning with a number of men's and women's

Braille watches for distribution to the needy blind in Jordan. The

watches, donated by the American Zale Corporation in Dallas, Texas,

were presented by the American ambassador in Amman, Mr. Richard

AMMAN — "As my life played me a serenade, I danced around it like a gypsy".

This is the way Fahrelnissa Zaid begins the catalogue of the exhibition she opened in October 1969 at the Katia Granoff Gallery

Now, nearly 15 years later, we learn she has opened a grand retrospective exhibition of her works under the patronage of His Majesty King Hussein and Her Majesty Queen Noor at the new Royal Cultural Centre in Amman. The span of these works, from 1915 through until 1983, covers decades that witnessed the fall of great empires, the rise of totally new technologies, as well as personal tragedies for the artist and others. Despite these great events. all affecting her personally, she consoles us and draws others to a higher plane of existence.

"You must forget what you know, because what you know is what you have learned, but what you do not know is what you really are.... It is the cosmic vibration that is in us and we do not perceive." Thus she commences her exhibition in Amman in 1983.

It reminds me of the Nov. 26. 1981, the opening of the Turkish Painting Exhibition at the National Gallery in Amman. We were waiting. There was a hush. As I asked myself, will she recognise me, a warm voice called "You're Cemil", and she walked straight

Fahrelnissa Zaid has a universal family, but in each location those coming from another wing of her world cannot but stand in admiration at the richness of the many worlds they had not seen before. Born in Istanbul in 1901, the daughter of Shakir Pasha, the eminent Turkish general, diplomat and historian, we think of her in Turkey both in the context of a remarkable family of leaders, intellectuals and artists, and also in the vanguard of the young artists and determined women who formed the bases of modern arts, and courageous individuality, that linked the Ottoman Empire with

Republican Turkey. She studied art at the Fine Arts Academy in Istanbul during the years of struggle for independence from the Western occupying forces, and then went to Paris in 1927 for further studies at the Academy Rauson. A daring declaration by any standards in those days. There, her special talents were discovered by Bissiere, who had a profound influence on her work. In 1934 she married His Highness Prince Zaid, and subsequently spent her time in Jordan, Berlin and Paris, dividing her time between painting and diplomatic dut-

Fahreinissa Zaid put on a great

exhibition in 1964 at the Hittite Museum in Ankara. Nuri Iyem, another painter, and I went to help her. Our friendship started theu. We all had pleasant chats over dinner in the evening, Fahrelnissa Zaid, her niece Fureya Koral, herself a remarkable ceramicist. Nari Iyem and myself. Her personality. eloped us all -- to the extent that we could not leave her side. During the day when we were free we would go to the Hittite Museum and look at her paintings, each day from a new angle. She encouraged the exhibition guard to draw. He sketched in a school copybook with his pencil. Fahrelnissa Zaid would show them to us. "Look, look, beautiful, isn't it?"

The walls in her institute in Amman are covered with paintings, as are the tables and even the ceilings. Some of the paintings we had seen at the Hittite Museum in 1964 had been fixed to the ceiling. In the Royal Cultural Centre. where they have been traasported, one stands surrounded by a wealth of artistic production.

Oratory to the unknown

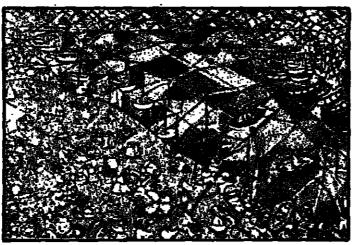
Fahrelnissa Zaid is like a magnetic storm. "As long as waves that come from endless evolution do not enfold us we can do nothing", she explains.

## ART REVIEW

A large portrait of Princess Alia: the scale is larger than life. Her dress flows straight down without a wrinkle, the lines of a Byzantine figure. It is worked with shining points of colour, like a Byzantine mosaic. Such a shine has been given to the colours that you could say that they were Byzantine mosaics reflecting light from a thousand and one angles.

Like Byzantine mosaics, the figures are simple, unbent, a body with no curves; like these figures they descend straight downwards but with thousands of colour reflections, brilliant colours and motifs that dazzle the eye. Fahrelnissa Zaid has painted the portrait of nearly all her students. When all are examined together one finds a style similar to the portrait of Princess Alia, all reminiscent of a Byzantine source. The hands. long, slender fingers held against the breast, arms opened to the side or lightly raised, the shape of the facial expression, the wide open eyes, the dark rings about the eyes, eyebrows arched like a bow. This great painter has in the most masterful and natural way produced this work and almost unconsciously has revived a rich source, bathing it in life once again.

Her own life began in a city where the monuments of Byzantium surround one - Istanbul - and now she lives in a city.



Loch Lemon, one of the pieces by Princess Fahrelnissa Zaid currently being exhibited here (File photo)

Amman, where once again Byzantine works are a source of figurative rejuvenation. In Amman. the greatest portraits she has produced bring the influence of the grand tradition of Byzantinesque portraiture before our eyes.

## "Like a light"

At each gathering she shines out as a rare human being; a circle of people instantly forms about her. Her son, His Highness Prince Ra'ad Ibn Zaid, is always there, caring for her with his protective personality and his adoring affection. With each small word one senses his attention and love.

She has had exhibitions in all the great cities of the West, been friends with critics, writers and gallery owners and today produces with unabated perception and strength. And yet she has not yet been given in the West the place that she deserves.

Why? Because she is an artist of the East? Because she is a Muslim? Because she is a woman?

None of these questions prevent her from expanding her creative force. Andre Breton said the following in a letter he wrote her in 1955: "I always hide in the most secret recess of my soul the echo of your words, words born from your

fingers and sent forth like a light that emitted from a crystal surface has the power to light up all dar-

## A remarkable synthesis

Fahrelnissa Zaid's portraits deserve particular attention. Their size is reminiscent of monumental statues. The portrait of Emir Zaid, an ellipsoidal face, a sunburned tan, eyebrows arched like a bow, almond-shaped, coffee-coloured eyes, with immense white and black lashes revealing the innermost secrets of his soul. His mouth, framed by a moustache in lines parallel to his eyebrows, is on the verge of opening. Emir Zaid appears to have found the secret

Emir Hassan's clever and slightly prankish look and the green and blue tint of his square face stress his measured Arab intelligence and wise nature. Emir Ra'ad symbolises with his half profile and black eyes the love and affection that comes from the heat of the desert. In each of these three portraits is expressed the East, Eastern humanity and its

## Humanitarian body issues communique after first meeting

## Commission studies plight of 'disappeared's

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and His Highness Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan chaired the first plenary meeting of the Independent Commission on International Humanitarian Issues (ICIHI) that convened in New York on November 11 - 13, 1983.

The commission, which is made Argentine author: of up 25 prominent world figures representing all the geographic areas of the world, released the following press communique at the end of its meetings:

The Independent Commission on International Humanitarian Issues assembled for its first plenary meeting in New York, Nov-ember 11-13 to consider reports dealing with a range of hum-anitarian issues of global sig-

Essentially, the commission's task is to propose ways to reduce the suffering of millions of people arising from man-made and natural disasters. They also hope to examine to what extent the causes of that suffering might be rem-

In particular, the commission considered the escalation of armed conflict, not least in the developing world and the failure of many governments and warring factions to respect fundamental humanitarian norms of conduct. This failure is a principal concern of the commission, together with the protection of individuals who are victims of armed conflict.

Of particular value in this connection was the expert evidence of Alexander Hay, president of the International Committee of the Red Cross. Mr. Hay posed the following questions:-- How should one go about sti-

mulating this awareness of humanitarian values among political leaders? - How should one foster the

humanitarian spirit in politics? - How can one demonstrate that in every political situation there are humanitarian aspects which one ignores at one's peril?

During its deliberations, the commission also studied the problems of "disappeared persons" in Latin America and other parts of the world.

Statements were heard from the following:-

- Hipolito Solari Yrigoyen, former vice-president of the Argentine senate and a former disappeared person'. He recently has n appointed to a senior position in the newly elected government of Argentina.

- Representatives of The Association of Grandmothers of Plaza de Mayo in Argentina.

- Marta Casal de Gatti. an Uruguayan now living in Spain. Her husband and pregnant daughter disappeared and subsequently lost their lives. Her son-in-law disappeared in 1977 and is still mis-

The tragedy of the 'disappeared is far from resolution. As Sr. Cortazar testified before the commission, it is akin to "... a planetary cancer, whose malignant proliferation barely diminishes in one zone only to reappear with virulence in another".

He also strongly supported the adoption of a declaration which would make 'disappearances' a recognised international crime. The countries which refuse to accept it would demonstrate in the most flagrant way their complicity with the worst criminals on earth -- those who commit crimes against human rights, those who commit crimes against humanity".

Sr. Solari Yrigoyen concluded his statement to the commission by affirming: "No strategic principle, no doctrine of national salvation, no theory approaching collective security can shipwreck the rights of the people ... In their statement to the com-

he said.

template.

mission, which particularly addressed itself to the question of 'disappeared children', the Association of Grandmothers of Plaza de Mayo said: "All the children should be restored to their real families -- recover their identity -- find their proper history and roots, and above all, know that they never were abandoned by their relatives ... we have to find them before they begin looking for us because this would constitute a new facet of the drama. one too painful even to con-

Sra. Casal de Gatti concluded her statement by saying: "We, the relatives, do not seek vengeance. only justice. We are deeply hurt by this human problem. But have to grow beyond our own sorrow. Today, international opinion supports us in recognising that no amnesty can cover such crimes.



This is a way of preventing forever

the massacre of helpless beings." The commission noted that the United Nations Working Group on Enforced and Involuntary Disappearances has received reports of 'disappeared persons -- in Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Cyprus, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Guatemala, Guinea, Indonesia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, South Africa, Sri Lanka and Zaire.

The commission recorded its unanimous concern at this gress abuse of human rights and condemned the practice unequivocally, It commended the efforts of voluntary agencies in bringing such poignant issues to the attention of the world.

Evidence also was heard on the scale and effect of natural disasters from M'Hamed Essuafi, U.N. under secretary-general and U.N. coordinator for Disaster Relief (UNDRO), Anders Wijkmman, secretary-general of the Swedish Red Cross, and Jean-Pierre Hocke, operations director of the International Committee of the Red Cross. The commission also heard a statement from Ambassador Munoz-Ledo of Mexico who spoke on behalf of the Group of 77 of which he is the current chairman.

In concluding its session, the commission agreed to set up a series of working groups, chaired by individual commissioners, to report on subjects of concern to the commission. These include statelessness, humanitarian norms in times of armed conflict, including the protection of innocent victims. the expanding deserts and des-

The Independent Commission Australia and Mahammad Hidon International Humanitarian available, the vice-president of Issues expects to issue a series of India,

reports from these verifying greens starting in 1953.

The other 23 members of the commission are as fellow a: Prince Talal Bin Al-39 Aziz Al Saud of Saudi Arabia: Cardinal Paulo Everisto. Arus archivishop of Sao Paolo from Brazil; Nichammed Bedjooui, redge at the International Court of Justice in Algeria: Henrik Beer, secretarygeneral emeritus Lengue of Red Cross Societies of Sweden: Luis Echeverria Alvarez, former president and director-general at the Centre for Economic and Social Studies of the Third World in Mexico City: Pierre virabar, former president of the confederation from Switzerland: Ivan-Head, president of the International Research Centre of Canada: Aziza Shoulay Hussem. president of the International Planned Perenthood Lederation from Egypt: Manfred Luchs, professor of international law and redge at the International Court of Justice from Poland; Adam Malilla president of the 2nth Sasson of the General Assembly of the United Sations and former vice-president of the Republic of Indonesia: Robert Alekanoue, former seeretary of state for defence and former president of the world Bank from the U.S.; Luzar Moje soy, president or the 32nd Session of the General Assembly of the United Autoris and Federal Seeretary for Loreign attains from ragoslavier Moleurmot Italia the prime-amustic of Cutistia: Sadulio Ognia, professor of the Institute of international Reiations for Advanced Studies on Peace and Development in Asia. from Japani Ussid Owen M.P., the fernier secretary of state for foreign and commonwealth of tails. from the United Ninedown Willibald Pahr, former federal minister for foreign affairs from Austria: Shridath Surendranath Ransthal. Commonwealth secretarygeneral from Goyana; Salim A. Salim, president of the 34th Session of the General Assembly of the United Stations and minister for foreign affairs from Tanzanie; Leopold Sedar Sengher, former president of the Republic of Senegal: Soediatmoko, rector of the

# 'Palestinian homeland is key issue for peace

By Afifah A. Kaloti Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A just and lasting peaceful solution to the Middle East conflict should be based on the Palestinians' right to their homeland "in some way or another, either on their own or in association with Jordan," the head of the Canadian Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs Henry D. Hicks said Tuesday.
The head of the Canadian del-

egation who arrived in Jordan Sunday, as part of a Middle Eastern tour, also said that the just and durable solution of the Arab-Israeli conflict also requires the assurance to Israel that they will be recognised and be secure within "whatever boundaries are agreed upon in the area."

About the aim of the delegation's tour to the Middle Eastern countries which started on Nov. 11 and included Egypt. Saudi Arabia, Syria and Jordan. Senator Hicks said that the Canada's senate does not determine their government's policy but "we are here to learn and to observe we will make a report which may emment towards the Arab cause."

or may not have some influence on the policy of Canada's gov-Asked of the delegation's impression of the Middle East conflict, Senator Hicks said: "Obviously one has to be concerned

about the possible consequences of the Arab-Israeli conflict. We are encouraged by the desire of the countries we have visited to come to some lasting peaceful sol-

In a reply to the role perceived for Canada in Mideast peace efforts. Senator Hicks said that Canada is not a great power but does support in general terms "our great neighbour to the South -However, he pointed out that

the two countries sometimes have sharp differences of opinion and even on the subject of the Arab-Israeli conflict. Substantiating his statement.

Senstor Hicks said that the Deputy Prime Minister, Secretary of State for External Affairs Allan J. MacEachen modifying the Reagan imitiative of Sept. 1, 1982. did not exclude the possibility of an independent Palestinian state on the West Bank.

end to the settlement activities. these are almost the exact words of Mr. MacEachen." Senator Hicks said. Senator Hicks pointed out that

these are substantial modifications and hence indicate the sharp differences Canada has with the USA, "However, Canada has not come out definitely in favour of an independent Palestinian state but we have said in our view that it is a subject for negotiation." Elaborating on Canada's role in

the Middle East conflict Senator Hicks said that Canada cannot exert very much influence over the U.S. policy but "it can try to persuade the chief actors on the international stage to accept a reasonable solution or a com-

Referring to Jordan's role in

Also regarding the settlements peace efforts. Senator Highs said in occupied territories. Mr. Mac- that Jordan is a very civilised and Eachen made it clear that "there well informed country, and desshould not just be a freeze but an eribed the Jordanian attitude as "very reasonable" toy aids Middle Éast peace efforts.

U.N. University: Simone Veil, former president of the European

Parliament and former minister of

bealth from France: Gogoli Whi-

tlam, former prime minister and

minister of foreign attairs from

Senator Hicks said that Canada advocates "the coming together" of the concerned and the jutcrested parties, because Canada is ragainst armed conflict, confrontation and de agreement."

Referring to Canada's relationship with Israel, Senator Hicks said that the two countries have been friends for three decades but "that does not mean, however, that we agree on everything Israel does."

He pointed out that Canada disagrees with Israel's investon of South Lebanon, Israeli annevation of the West Bank and the violan Heights and its arbitrary measures against the Palestinian people in the occupied Arab ter-





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## Six years after

MUCH has changed in the Middle East since the late Egyptian President Anwar Sadat made his trip to Jerusalem six years ago this week. But it is mainly Egypt itself that has changed the

To say that Egyptian Middle East diplomacy now is little more than the pleadings of an anguished bystander, because Cairo lacks either the military clout of the seventies or the financial power of Saudi Arabia, is a bit simplistic. Perhaps other factors - internal. Arab and international - have come lato play to make Egypt a country less powerful than what it should be - but the fact remains that it is the leadership quality of Egypt in the Arab World that has basically changed.

We see a proof of this claim in the current divisions among the Arabs. One day, many of us look to Egypt as our possible saviour from all the troubles we have. In the next, we discover that Cairo suffers from as much directionlessness as the rest of

There is not the slightest doubt that Israel - dependent on strong help from the United States - has succeeded in isolating Egypt from the Arab World and the Arab World from Egypt, if only to have a freer hand in perpetrating the occupation of the West Bank and Gaza and the Golan Heights - and also to go in Lebanon the way the Israelis have done. Since signing the Camp David accords until this day, both Egypt and the rest of the Arabs have just played to Israel's tune, and there seems to be no easy way out of the dilemma.

Everybody recognises the need to return Egypt to the Arab fold, but we fall short of the right basis for a happy reunion. Again the leadership question is the main sticking point on each

If Egypt were to be restored as just another Arab country equal in status and political weight to North Yemen or Somalia for instance - there definitely would be no problem in rehabilitating it. At issue, however, is not counting Egypt as one more Arab state: it is whether we would want the biggest and consequently most powerful member of the Arab Nation to lead us again, or we would not.

The question boils down to basics. Is Egypt's current direction the right one for us? Is Sadat's example in making peace with Israel to be followed? Is there direction or an example in Egyptian Middle East policy?

Unfortunately, the basics remain unanswered. And that's why perhaps we have been unable to determine what the next step with Egypt should be - six long years since Sadat made it to Jerusalem, and returned with little.

## **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

## Al Ra'i: Interests intertwined

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein believes Jordan and Palestine form a united nation. They really have much in common, and the interest of one is closely linked with that of the other. For this reason, King Hussein was keen in his speech to the Royal Command and Staff Academy Monday on urging the Arab leaders to interfere and stop the massacre in Lebanon where Palestinian blood is being shed. He said that condemning the acts of the Libyan and Syrian regimes is not enough as the situation calls for a real and serious action that can deter the two regimes from committing further crimes against the Palestinians and other innocent civilians.

In his call to the Arab leaders King Hussein was responding to a desperate cable from PLO chief Yasser Arafat - the beleagured palestinian leader now struggling to safeguard Palestinian unity in the face of conspiracies. Again, since the interests of Palestinians and Jordanians are one, the stab in the back of Palestinians is directed at the Jordanian people at large, and that was the reason for King Hussein's call on Arab leaders to confront the conspiracy and end the onslaught on the Palestinian people.

Jordan is a frontline fence protecting the Arabs from aggression and enemy ambitions, and it is therefore the duty and responsibility of other Arabstates to see that Jordan's interests are not harmed or affected. Other Arab states should realise the fact that Jordan's call for firm action against the Syrian and Libyan - led rebels is an essential requirement at present so as to save the Arab Nation from similar conspiracies in the future.

## Al Dustour: Same aims, destiny

AMIDST THE divisions and loss of vision in the Arab World and in light of the massacres currently being committed against the Palestinian people. King Hussein's voice came over loud and clear. He warned the Arabs that they should stand up and face the conspiracy and confront the new challenges that are imposed on this nation in general and the Palestinian people in particular. Jordan, the King said, is in a unique frontile position and has assumed the defence of the Arab-Nation. Jordan is a country that cannot shirk its national responsibilities like others, nor can it remain silent and indifferent to the events in Lebanon particularly as they affect the Palestinian people.

Jordan regards itself as directly affected by the Palestinian problem and developments affiliated to it in every respect, due to the very close links between the Jordanian and Palestinian people who have the same destiny, aims and future.

## Sawt Al Shaab: Setting a good example

IN A speech to the graduates of the Royal Staff and Command Academy Monday, King Hussein referred to the unity of blood and destiny binding the Jordanian and Palestinian peoples. King Hussein considers the interests of both people as the same, owing to the close and strong ties between them and their common objectives and aspirations. King Hussein's speech reflected the continuous political stand of this country in trying to achieve a strong Arab Nation, and its meanings represented the principles of those of the Great Arab Revolt which this country has inherited.

By pointing out the challenges and the new dangers confronting Iraq. Lebanon and the Palestinians, King Hussein was urging the Arab leaders to shoulder their responsibilities. He said Jordan, in its defence of the Palestinians and their rights, has set a good example to the other Arab countries which should commit themselves to serving Arab unity and goals.

# NATO: More money for the warlord

By Paul Taylor

BRUSSELS --- As the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO: goes through the agony of deploying new medium-range nuclear missiles in Europe. Western officials are shelving controversial issues which could create new strain in the Atlantic air-

> But once the first United States cruise and Pershing-2 missales have been deployed in West Germany, Italy and Britain, several new and not-so-new challenges. are waiting to confront the all-

The issues likely to top NATO's agenda for the looks are improving conventional forces, harnessing new technologies, conperating on arms production and meeting security threats outside the North Atlantic treaty area.

They are all expensive and arouse national and transatlantic sensibilities which could prove deeply

not pressed these issues for the last the task of European governments missile movements. But U.S. and such new technology.

European officials agree the truce within NATO will end in 1994.

U.S. officials say their main priority is to persuade West Europeans to cooperate in developing new conventional weapons capable of performing tasks previously assigned to nuclear arms.

Defence Secretary Caspar Weinherger launched this effort last December, outlining to NATO defence ministers what became known as the "Weinberger initiative on emerging technologies."

Its thesis is that NATO must exploit its technological superiority over the Soviet Union to produce electronics-based arms which could stop Warsaw Pact reinforcement in a European war by striking deep into Eastern Eur-

The Weinberger mitiative was greeted warily by some allies who sespected a "buy American" compaign and feared the likely cost of such weapons systems at a time when defence hudgets are already under severe strain.

The U.S. has not put a price-tag on the scheme, but NATO's sup-The Reagan administration has reme commander in Europe. General Bernard Rogers, says it 18 months to avoid complicating will take a four per cent real annual increase in military spending in dealing with vociferous anti-throughout the 1980s to harness

Most alifes are falling short of real growth a year and see no chance of spending more. U.S. officials fear a backlash in Congress next spring when Mr. Weinberger presents a report on defence

burden-sharing in NATO. Given the reluctance or inability of most European members to meet even the present spending goal. Washington is trying to sell the emerging technologies plan as a way of cutting the high cost of modern weapons, of "getting more bung for the buck."

U.S. NATO ambassador David Abshire said in a recent speech. "If Europe can be induced to work toward a rationalised defence procurement effort in place of its current 13 separate efforts, waste, duplication and inefficiency would he eliminated."

Mr. Abshire acknowledges that the American military-industrial complex must first be convinced that it is in its own interest to share. know-how and business with the Europeans.

"Europe, too, must get its act together," he says, adding that after the mixed results of mid-1970s efforts at arms cooperation. "a go-it-alone mentality has emerged in Europe making it harder rather than easier to cooperate."

Mr. Abshire argues that trathe present target of three per cent insultantic arms cooperation and more of a common market in the defence industrial field" are the only ways to prevent protectionism within NATO and make it possible for the European allies to afford the weapons of the

> The question of how to meet out of area" security challenges is even more fraught with national sensitivities than the arms technology debate.

U.S. officials say the idea of defending a clearly defined area against external assault, the founding principle of NATO, is outdated since some of the most serjous threats occur beyond the North Atlantic treaty area.

"We want to develop a shared perception of Western vital intcrests, starting with Southwest Asia, which is the ara of main concern and where ther are the most West European interests," an American official said.

The European allies, while joning the U.S. individually in some "out-of-area" ventures such as Lebanon, are reluctant to make commitments within NATO and some smaller members have deep objections to any broader "world policeman' role.

The U.S. official said Was-



hington was working towards an prevented by its constitution from in dealing with threats outside the area.

treaty area: That those allies in a position to do so would deploy military force, that those which do not send forces would compensate for any gaps left in Eruopean defences. and that non-participating memhers would facilitate the transit of men and equipment."

France and Britain still play important military roles in some

understanding on three principles sending troops outside the NATO

Most European allies and Conada would not wish to commit themselves to systematic support for worldwide U.S. actions.

One European NATO ambassador commented: "I think we are willing to provide some facilities but on the basis of national decisions, we would want to judge each case on its merits."

Another said: "Out-of-area actremaining or former colonies. But ion can never be a question of an West Germany, for example, is automatic response.



## Panama: Possible shift to the left

Elections in Panama could mean a shift to the left in Washington's backvard. William Chislett reports on a vote that the U.S. will eve very

canal which acts as a funnel for world trade and also of the largest offshore banking centre in the Americas, is moving towards its first democratic elections in 16 years amid considerable political uncertainty.

The surprise move recently by

Jen. Ruben Dario Paredes, the former head of the National Guard, to withdraw his presidential candidature for the ruling Democratic Revolutionary Party (PRD) has altered the country's political map at a stroke. Gen. Parades, a staunch anti-Communist, had moved Panama much closer to the U.S. after the death in 1981 of the country's strongman. Gen. Omar Torrijos. Gen. Torrijos, whom President Reagan once called a "tinhorn dictator." helped the left-wing Sandinistas to power in Nicagarua by giving them logical support. He maintained close relations with Fidel Castro of Cuba and other

revolutionaries in the region. . Gen. Paredes, who openly suprecently said that if he became cabinet and Gen. Paredes, aware

PANAMA - The home of the president he would break diplomatic relations with Nicaragua and Cuba.

His chances of becoming President however were dashed only two weeks after he resigned from the command of the National Guard, the country's only armed force, to campaign for next May's elections.

Gen. Paredes, an abrasive and highly ambitious man, had started to form a parallel government in ministires and the PRD. When President Ricardo de la Espriella. who was helped to power by Gen. Paredes, reshuffled his cabinet in September, Gen. Paredes tried to enforce his list of new ministers upon the president. Mr. de la Espriella protested and told Gen. Manuel Antonio Noriega, the new head of the National Guard, that he would resign unless he could choose his own ministers.

This, said officials, was the trump card which Gen. Noriega had been waiting for. It gave him the opportunity to ease out Gen. Paredes on the grounds that he ported Washington's militaristic was causing a political crisis. Mr. policy towards Central America. de la Espriella named his new

that his power base had disappeared, had no option but to throw in the towel.

Gen. Noriega. a Machiavellian figure (for many years he ran the country's intelligence services), is now the real power and kingmaker in Panama. Had Gen. Paredes become president the two men would have been vying for

Gen. Noriega is taking a less pro-U.S. stance towards Central America. He is backing the Contadora group of Latin American countries which has worked out a negotiated settlement to end the civil war in El Salvador and ease tension between Honduras and Nicaragua. Gen. Paredes flew in the face of his own government by undermining the Contadora peace initiative which Panama helped to establish.

The most likely choice for the PRD's presidential candidate is Mr. Ernesto Perez Balladares. who represents the centre-left wing of the party. He is a former planning and finance minister and secretary-general of the PRD. which was founded in 1979 by the late Gen. Torrijos. Mr. Perez Balladares was one of of Gen. Torrijos's choices to be president in 1984 when the general intended to take much more of a back seat.

Washington is keenly watching events in Panama. It is nervous of abrupt political change and instability or a nationalistic backlash against its presence. Apart from the canal, which the U.S. controls until the year 2000, the U.S. Southern Command is also based in Panama. The command is the U.S. military and intelligence centre for

Central America. It is also the staging post for military reconnaisance fights over the region and the transshipment of arms to the U.S.-backed government in El Salvador and to right-wing Nicaraguan rebels in Honduras fighting to overthrow the Sandinista government in Managua.

Negotiations have already started over the future of the School of the Americas, part of the Southern Command, control of which passes to Panama next October under the canal treaties. The school provides training for Latin American officers in a region dominated by military dic-

If Panama presses for full control of the school, the U.S. would have to consider relocating it. The new base in Honduras where Salvadorean troops are currently training is an obvious alternative. -'Financial Times news feature

## Had Kennedy lived, would he have avoided Vietnam?

NEW YORK - If he had lived, would John F. Kennedy have avoided a full-scale American war in Vietnam?

feel may have started the nuclear arms race, have achieved a detente with the Soviet Union not realised until his most bitter political foe became president?

of Kennedy's death.

thinks that had Mr. Kennedy lived, the United States would in battle and drove Lyndon Joh- or invading Cuba. nson from office amidst bitter anti-war protests.

U.S. Defence Department docmajority leader and now amba total withdrawal in 1965. A new book, Ralph Martin's" A Hero for our Times." says Mr. Kennedy

former Kennedy aide, agrees. he

But Dean Rusk, Secretary of

"I talked to him (Kennedy) hundreds of times and he never hinted at it," Mr. Rusk told Reu-

take troops out in 1965, it would have been a decision to leave troops in combat for two years for domestic political reasons. Mr. Kennedy would not have done that. He would have said: 'We have to do it now.' "

Mr. Rusk concedes Mr. Kenwas "wearing his presidential

Gabriel Kolko, a professor of history at York University in Toronto, who is writing a history of the Vietnam war, agrees.

"It is hard to bad-mouth a dead man, but there is no documentary evidence he would have reversed the pattern of Vietnam escalation," Mr. Kolko said. "Vietnam was the result of postwar U.S. foreign policy, not of one man or a whim.

with Vietnam, Mr. Kolko said, and had he had more time, his failure would have been more severe. "It was Kennedy's people who formed the brains of Johnson's administration and ran the

Theodore Sorensen, one of Mr.

Would Mr. Kennedy, who some

These are some of the questions still being debated today as Americans mark the 20th anniversary

For key Kennedy admnistration figures and historians. vietnam is the issue on which there seems the least agreement.

James Macgregore Burns, a

told close friends the same thing. Historian Arthur Schlesinger, a

said Mr. Kennedy had a plan for complete U.S. withdrawal that was cancelled shortly after Mr. Johnson took office on Mr. Kennedy's assassination on Nov. 22.

State to Kennedy and Johnson, says Mr. Kennedy never expressed such intentions to him. He is convinced Mr. Kennedy would have done the same as Mr. Joh-

"Had he decided in 1963 to

Mr. Kennedy had struggled

Kennedy's closest advisers, disagrees with academics like Mr. Kolko and officials like Mr. Rusk. "It is asking a lot to expect those ved under the Johnson build-up to

By Arthur Spiegelman

differently." Sorensen told Reu-"My firm belief is that he would

not have gone along and I base that on his actions in other crises. The Bay of Pigs (the U.S.-backed invasion of Cuba in 1961; taught him the danger of purely military

solucions. Mr. Sorensen said military advisers had urged Mr. Kennedy to send in combat troops and bomb Hanci but he had rejected the adv-

ice. Mr. Johnson had not. If Mr. Kennedy's Vietnam policy stirs dispute, there is nearunanimous admiration for his handling of the most dramatic and dangerous episode of his day: the Cuban missile crisis of October 1962, with its menace of U.S.-

Soviet nuclear war. management of this crisis as his finest hour, saying he was under have avoided the Vietnam quagreat pressure to respond to the gmire that eventually saw more than 500,000 U.S. troops engaged in Cuba by either bombing them

Conflicting message were sent from Moscow, one belligerent and other conciliatory. Mr. Kennedy uments quote Mr. Kennedy as tel- deliberately responded only to the ling Mike Mansfield, then Senate positive one, leaving Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev a faceassador to Japan, that his goal was saving way out. In the end. the missiles were withdrawn.

Mr. Kennedy was cool in moments of crisis and did not let his emotions distort his judgements." Mr. Rusk recalled.

Let me tell you when I think we run the danger of nuclear war: it is when people are driven into a corner and lose all stake in the outcome and decide to play the role of Samson and bring the tempie down.

"Mr: Kennedy told us not to push Mr. Khrushchev into a corner, and when the crisis was over he instructed us not to gloat."

Mr. Sorensen believes that the aftermath of the missile crisis opened the door for a new U.S.-Soviet relationship and that Mr. Kennedy was reaching for that in his final days.

In a speech in June 1963, five months before his death, he urged a Soviet-American reexamination of cold-war attitudes.

However, some analysts say today's nuclear arms race is a legacy of Mr. Kennedy's decision to build 1.000 additional U.S. intercontinental ballistic missiles. He took that step even after learning nedy may have broached the idea that the "missile gap" he had cited in private talks, but never when he as a 1960 campaign issue did not exist and America had superiority.

A recent American television documentary quoted both Mikhail Milshtein, a former member of the Soviet General Staff, and former Defence Secretary Robert Mcnamara, as saying this step sparked the arms race.

At home, two of Mr. Kennedy's greatest achievements came after his death: a tax cut that rejevented the economy and the historic 1964 civil rights act that virtually outlawed racial segregation in U.S. public life. Both had been set in motion by Mr. Kennedy before his

assassination. The Rights Act was only passed only after tumultuous demonstrations led by Martin Luther King Junior and other blacks. Some feel Mr. Kennedy did not press for this bill early enough. Others say he moved as fast as the

Finally, historians say Mr. Kennedy would have been re-elected officials (such as Rusk) who ser- by a big majority, winning the say Kennedy would have acted term. "mandate" he lacked in his first

politics of the day allowed.

## LSE gets a prestigious brown director

one of the Western world's premier educational establishments. the London School of Economics and Political Science, (LSE) have announced the appointment of a new director. The news attracted surprisingly little attention.

The appointee is Indraprasad Gordhanbai Patel, a former assistant chief of the Financial Problems and Policies Division of the (IMF), a former governor of the Bank of India. a member of Helmut Schmidt's brain trust and an economist — in the opinion of the former governor of the Bank of England, Gordon Richardson who came up with brilliantly constructive ideas on how to deal with the monetary crises of the 1970s.

There is something peculiar

about the white world's attitude to of autonomy from British India.

"brown" people. If a black wins a The ruler pushed education and

LONDON — The governors of high honour it is news, but browns are neither in nor out. They win Nobel prizes in physics or literature and are barely noticed. The LSE board has made a bold

decision. The school's status has never been higher. The 10-year tenure as director of Ralph Dahrendorf, the West German sociologist, revived its sagging fortunes, both academic and monetary. So strong is its reputation that it could have almost anyone it

Mr. Patel did not apply for the job. He was sought out. But then, as one member of the selection committee said. "English logic is that no one who applies for a job can be the right person." He grew up in Baroda, then a

princely state with a great degree

Mr. Patel was beneficiary. He headed the lists in all-India exams and ended up at Cambridge on a Baroda state scholarship. Patel is a caste name. The patels

were low caste, a step above the harijans. Education burst the dike and they became a powerful merchant and political class, not just in the modern state of Gujarat, which incorporated Baroda, but also in East Africa, whence many were expelled. Most came to Britain, where they are perhaps the most dynamic economic group.

The LSE is not an easy organisation to move. Its students are fiercely independent, and its faculty even more so. The director has only the power of persuasion. Mr. Dahrendorf showed, how-

Mr. Patel is likely to make the LSE even more international than Mr. Dahrendorf did. It has always had strong links with the United States, John Ken-

edy studied there and its present

rising star in the U.S. administration is Richard Perle, assistant secretary of defence. Mr. Patel will want the LSE to be more involved in the Third World. He has done pioneer work

on the distorting effects of inflations in developing economies. What the LSE did for British social policies under the guidance of founders Sidney and Beatrice Webb and such scholars as Lord Beveridge, Richard Titmus and Brian Abel-Smith may be rep-

eated now for the Third World. The LSE is capable of sustaining ever, that the leadership can raise such an intellectual revolution confidence and, with it, prestige. International Herald Tirbune.

## **Arab-American community** flourishing in Houston

By Gregory Orfalea

They say the first word uttered on the moon was "Houston" NASA. the guider of Apollo and other space shots, is based in Houston. In addition, a moon-like landscape of spectacular buildings is evidence that Houston is America's fastest-growing city (the nation's fourth largest behind New York. Los Angeles and Chi-

Though there are signs that Houston's immunity to the prevailing recession is ebbing (unemployment is up for the first time in years and disgruntled labourers who left depressed Detroit for booming Houston are now on welfare: there is no denying a magic wand went over this south Texas floodplain in the past 15 years an oil wand — and behold! A contemporary architect's garden of delights.

To add to the moonscape, a jet traveller is treated to a frightening sight as his plane taxis in at Houston's Hobby airport: White smoke pours from the plane's ceiling. No. this is not a massive dose of pre-, takeoff oxygen, nor is it Star Wars with spurs and lariat. This is condensation caused by Houston's extreme humidity, a weather a lot like the Arabian Gulf where gas and petroleum burn-off jets are never far from sight.

Maybe this is why Houston opened the largest Islamic art exhibition in America's history. Queen Noor (whose Arab-American father hails from nearby Dallasi delivered the dedicating speech for "The Heritage of Islam" which has toured three U.S. cities and is currently at the

m?

Smithsonian in Washington, DC. hands, At 75, Dr. DeBakey still There is a sizable Arab-American performs over five operations a community here (12.000), no day, it was remembered that doubt abetted by decades of DeBakey operated on the Shah of U.S.-Saudi oil expertise exchange. Texas was covered with derricks named as science advisor to Preafter the world's largest oil gusher sident Reagan's Committee for at Spindletop in 1901.

To the practiced eye, the imprint of the Arab World can be found all over Houston. If one is searching for truffles, caviar, fine wine, the oldest cheese in town the gourmet supermarket. However, due to a split in the old Lebanese American family, there are now two Jamail's: Jim Jamail and Sons. and Jamail Brothers. Sounds like a good ole Middle Eastern rift, eh? You bet' and the name, podner? Yes is part of the House of Gema-

When Lebanon's president. Amin Gemayel, came to the U.S. this summer he made the last of two stops in Houston, just to see family. Two thousand Texans showed up. many claiming they were relatives, some doing everything to claim they were not. The president was two hours late: security was tight as a Texan slip-

There are 3.000 Arab doctors listed with the Arab American Medical Association. Because Houston's Medical Center is one of the largest in the world. Arab doctors abound here.

Perhaps the only surgeon in the world on daily world call lives here - Dr. Michael DeBakey, The pioneer of open heart surgery. of Lebanese origin, requires reservations months in advance for the service of his miraculous

Iran. The eminent doctor has been the Reconstruction of Lebanon.

That committee's chairman is another Houstonian, and Lebanese American. Michael Halbouty, whose incredible life in the oil business is detailed in Wilplace to go is Jamail's. Houston's deatter (McGraw-Hill publishers). Mr. Halbouty. 74. strides into his spacious office like a Panhandle tornado. Reagan's campaign chief in seven southern states in 1980. Halbouty urged the president to back Amin Gemayel to the hilt, even if it incurs the wrath of Israel. He is critical of Israel's invasion of Lebanon and has counselled Mr. Gemayel personally to "integrate" the country, de-confessionalise completely, or risk partition.

> Close to the palatial mansions of Houston's Royal Oaks is the poorest section of town, the Fourth Ward. A thousand of Houston's poor live in the squalid, two-storey public housing, bit per cent of whom are Vietnamese, the rest mostly black. And of course only place for the booming central city to bulge outward in development is the Fourth Ward.

A Palestinian American is in charge of a project that will recommend their to renovate or destroy the Fourth Ward. Picture that' A Palestinian holding the fate of Vietnamese boat people in his hands' Only in America, friends. Middle East Int-

# Space museum enjoys great popularity

By Pat McMurray

WASHINGTON Vational Air and Space Museum. located in Washington, is just seven years old but already the most popular museum in the world. About 10 million people pass through us doors every year.

As you walk up the front steps of the building and look through its big plate-glass windows, you'll see airplanes and spacecraft suspended from the ceiling inside. The building reminds some people ot a giant airplane hangar. You may recognise the Wright Bromers' (U.S. inventors, original) 1903 Hyer, the first trail machinein thy with a person aboard, and Charles Lindbergh's "Spirit of St. Louis," the plane that took the U.S. aviator on the first solo nonstop flight across the Atlantic in 1927. As you enter one of the doors, you join a crowd surrounding the U.S. Apollo 11 space

The director of the museum. Walter Boyne, says his exhibits are popular because people have a personal relationship with them. For example, many people have flown in a DC-3 (passenger aireratt anany people can recall where they were when an astronaut tirst landed on the moon. they recall the flights of the U.S. space shuttle and so on. So, there's a direct association,"

According to Mr. Boyne, the museum has a twofold purpose. One is to preserve the American space heritage, and the other is to attract and inspire young people.

A wide variety of exhibits is on display in the museum, not just airplanes and spacecraft, but engmes, propellers, rockets, and mot-

ors, flight instruments and pressure suits. And, there are several hands-on exhibits you can operate vourselt.

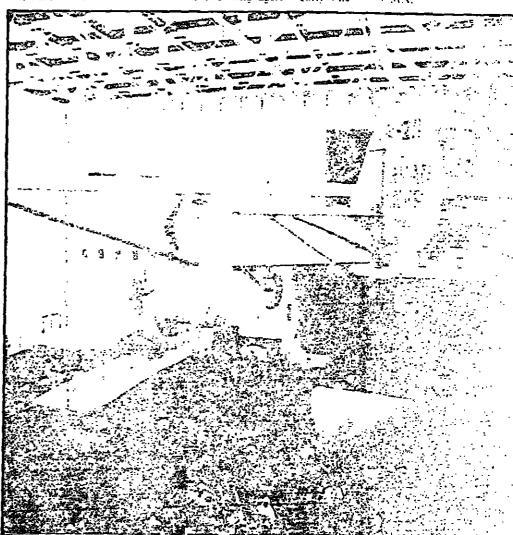
Several movies are also shown throughout the day. The nims are shown in a very dramatic format. They are projected with a big 70-millimeter projector onto a giant screen the height of a tivestorey building and seven stories wide. As you sit in the theatre watching people in the movie soar over the countryside in a balloon. or blast on a space shuttle. you're so close to the giant screen, you teel as it you're part of the action.

str. Boyne says he's been told the Air and Space viaseum theatre is the single most popular theaire of all time. I pstairs in the museum is a different kind of projecting room - the Albert Fanstein Spacearium, where instruments display the stars and the planets on the inside of a dome 21 netres wide. Special projectors give viewers the illusion of travelling into space.

One of the most popular extiibits is the Apollo to the yloon Gallery which teatures the instrument canel of the U.S. Acollo Command Module, as well as the Lunar Roying vehicle," the first motor vehicle used on the moon The gallery also contains medical kits used by the astronauts, their space stats, and samples of some space food. One of the most popular items in the museum gitt shop is the treeze-dired ice cream... just like the ice cream the astronauts ate in space. You can see it in the gallery and then buy your very own package in the gift shop.

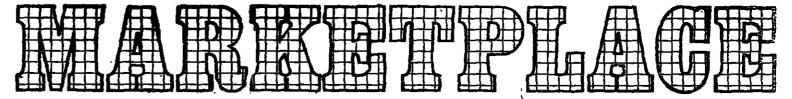
But not all the exhibits are American, in fact, Mr. Boyne says the museum is an international place because air and space exp- - brench aircraft are on displac shared their knowledge

forces and scientists have always and visitors from foreign countries. Air and Space Abiscon, the will find signs and guides printed. In 3 came troug to organization Italian, Dutch, German and in two languages, Nearly one-

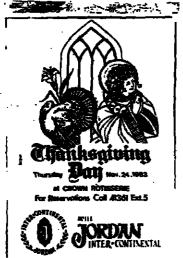


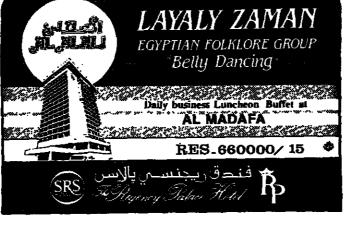
U.S. National Air and Space Museum, located in Washington, is one of the most popular exhibits in

the world, attracting more than 10 million visitors year. (Photo from Press and Publications Service).















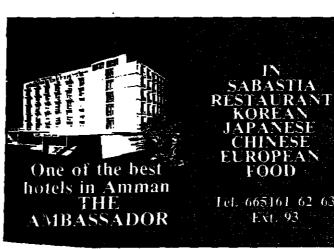




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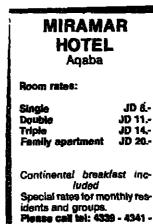
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## PORTS

# crushes Mandlikova

SYDNEY (R) — Czechoslovak Hana Mandlikova's brittle temperament let her down once again as she crashed to defeat in the second round of the New South Wales (NSW) Open tennis championship Tue-

The top seed, the most naturally gifted player on the circuit, was beaten 6-3, 5-7, 6-4 by 20year-old Australian Elizabeth Sayers, ranked 96th in the world. whose nerve held in a gripping finale after she had squandered two match points in the second set.

Mandlikova, 21. a former champion of France and Australia and a runner-up at Wimbledon and the U.S. Open, produced a typically infuriating display of breathtaking winners and beginner's mistakes.

The Czechoslovak, using this event as part of her build up to the. Australian Open in two weeks time, received a first round bye and was obviously short of pra-

ctice on grass. Savers, who described her win set which she took after breaking the Mandlikova serve for a 4-2 lead.

Sayers played herself into a match-winning position when she served at 5-4 in the second set. Despite two double faults she held two match points but threw both away with foolhardy unforced

For the first and only time in the match, Mandlikova imposed her authority and took three successive games to level at one set

The little Australian was not to be denied, however, and she regained her earlier composure to finish a deserved winner.

Mandlikova was followed out the exit door by two other seeds. as the best result of her career, was American Barbara Potter and the more confident in the opening South African Yvonne Vermaak.

## Koopmans retains boxing title

PARIS (R) - Rudi Koopmans of the Netherlands retained his European light-heavyweight boxing title with a 12-round points

victory over Frenchman Rufino Angulo here Monday night. It was the 35-year-old Dutchman's 11th defence of the title he won from Italy's Aldo Traversaro in 1979. He has kept it longer than any European titleholder has since World War II.

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after 12:00 noon.

## Unknown Australian | Australia, Sweden start advance preparation for Davis Cup final

final between Australia and Swe- week before a tie." den - which is still a month away - began quietly Tuesday with both teams opening their training schedules.

But while the six-man Swedish squad were put through a light loosening up session by coach Jon Sjogren here. Australian captain Neale Fraser was just delighted to have his team in the country. .

Fraser had planned to bring his squad together in Melbourne Monday, but a last-minute change of plan meant only Pat Cash and suburban Kooyong stadium here, venue for the three-day final which starts on Dec. 26.

Fraser was not concerned about the sudden change of plan though: The final is still a month away." he said, "and to have them all together in Australia so soon is great.

club Volgograd Rotor crashed 6-0

picious when their side made little

attempt to halt Rostov's weak att-

ting, telephone, water and electricity.

to lowly rivals Rostov.

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Soviet soccer manager sacked

olkov has been sacked for match- tov's relegation worries. In return

fixing after his highly successful he was promised a win by the same

The Moscow daily Sovietskaya the second division two seasons

Rossiya said Rotor fans grew sus- ago and took them from 14th to

Their complaints prompted an next season and was evidently arr-

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**STORES** 

"ALWAHA"

investigation which discovered anging a few extra points

build-up to the Davis Cup tennis times to get them together until a

Of the other four Australian team members, only John Fitzgerald is committed to a toumament, a three-day event in Canberra. Mark Edmondson. John Alexander and Brad Drewett are practising in Sydney.

At one stage I thought it would be better to have them all down here but there is no urgency." Fraser said. "I will have them all here at the weekend."

Fraser watched the Swedes in Paul McNamee practised at the their first practice session Tuesday. They are playing their second Davis Cup final in eight years they beat Czechoslovakia in 1975 - but Sjogren admits they do not like playing on grass. "But they realise it is necessary in this

proportion next season.

final." he said. Sjogren plans to begin hard tra-

Korolkov steered Rotor out of

fourth place in the first division

this year. He was hoping to take

the side into the premier division

MELBOURNE (R) — The In the past I have not been able at ining Wednesday, with a couple of intensive two-hour long sessions a

He will be in charge of the squad - Mats Wilander, Anders Jarryd. Hans Simonsson, Joakim Nystroem. Henrik Sundstroem and 17-year-old Stefan Edberg until captain Hans Olsson arrives here on Dec. 13.

Both squads will mix training and tournament play by competing in the Australian open at Kooyong which starts next Monday. Both squads are also due to play the New South Wales Open in Sydney between Dec. 12 and

Edberg, who has his sights fixed on the Australian Open junior singles title, impressed most observers. Victory would give him the world junior Grand Slam -he has already won the French Open. Wimbledon and U.S. junior crowns this year.

#### Kallicharan bats MOSCOW(R) - Soviet first div- that Korolkov had agreed to 92 for rebel ision soccer manager Viktor Kor- throw the match to help ease Ros-

cricketers

PRETORIA : R : -- Former West Indies batting star Alvin Kallicharan smashed a rapid 92 as the rebel West Indian cricketers showed more of their true form on the final day of their three-day match against Northern Transvaal Tue-

But the winning target of 272 set by the provincial side proved too much and once the Guyanese left-hander had been dismissed the tourists settled for a draw.

## Imran to stay out of Australian tour

ISLAMABAD (R) — Pakistani cricket authorities Tuesday ruled out skipper Imran Khan from the current series in Australia and said vice-captain Zaheer Abbas would take over the captaincy for the

remaining four tests. Pakistan Cricket Control Board president Nur Khan told a news conference in the Punjab provincial capital Lahore that the decision was taken by the board's council Tuesday in the light of latest medical reports about Imran's fitness, the official APP news agency reported.

Imran, suffering from a stress fracture of the left shin, was named last month to lead the team to Australia for the five-test series. But he missed the first test in Perth and said last week that he was not optimistic about being fit for the second test beginning in Brisbane next Friday.

Nur Khan said Imran would not he called home and had been adv-. ised to get treatment in Australia. If Imran recovers before the end

Zaheer Abbas, the board president said.

Imran was appointed captain last month against the wishes of the selection committee which resigned in protest at this and other changes in its recommended team.

The board was later criticised by several Pakistani cricket writers since Imran has not been fit enough to play on the tour. in an editorial last week, the

daily Dawn of Karachi said a new captain must be named for the remaining four tests "to infuse confidence in players and restore the sagging morale of the side."

Imran, who suffered the injury when he led Pakistan to victory against India last January, led the team in the World Cup in England last summer when he played only as a batsman.

Selectors may drop fast bowler

SYDNEY (R) - Australia's cricket selectors will have a difficult choice to make if they decide to of the series, he will play under drop a fast bowler for the second

test against Pakistan starting in Brisbane on Friday.

The selectors named an unehanged 12-man party Tuesday, a predictable response to Austrafia's victory in the first test by an innings and nine runs.

The four-man pace attack emerged with honours from that victory on the fast Perth pitch but conditions are likely to be very different in Brisbane and the selectors will be tempted to call in left-arm spinner from Hogan.

But none of the fast bowlers deserves to be dropped. Carl Rackemann, the jurior member of the quartet, took 11 wickets in Perth while Rodney Hogg, unlucky to take only four wickets, often looked the most dangerous of the quick bowlers.

Deanis Lillee, the world's leading wicket-taker in tests, and Geoff Lawson, the only bowler to emerge with any credit from Australia's 3-0 series defeat in Pakistan a year ago, have obvious cla-ims to keep their places.

## Korchnoi wins 1st game in World Chess

LONDON (R) — Soviet defector Viktor Korchnoi, playing black, won a stunning victory Monday night, defeating the Soviet rows at the last two World Cha-Union's rising star. Gary Kasparov, in the first game of a 12game World Chess Championship elimination match.

Kasparov came under time pressure after gaining no profit from the advantage of the first move.

The 20-year-old Soviet player resigned after 52 moves, and the pair shook hands before leaving the stage, marking a thaw in the tempestuous Korchnoi's relations

with the Soviet chess world. Korchnoi, 52, whose feuds with his homeland produced major moionship matches, entered this

match as the underdog.

Kasparov is the world number two and many experts believe he has a strong chance of defeating world champion Anatoly Karpov if he emerges as the winner of the qualifying competition.

But as play got under way, the young Soviet player appeared surprised by Korchnoi's variation

SYDNEY (R) - Billie Jean

King's 40th birthday was just ano-

ther typical working day for the Grand Old Lady of Tennis Tue-

King, winner of a record 20

Wimbledon titles and 38 singles.

doubles and mixed doubles Grand

sday.

on the popular queen's Indian defence. He played slowly from the outset and came under pressure both on the board and from the clock.

He found himself with only five minutes remaining for the last 16 moves of the first session. Each player must make 40 moves in the 21/2 hours on his clock.

Vasily Smyslov, 62, of the Soviet Union and Zoltan Ribli. 32, of Hungary will begin the other semi-final. The winners will play off for the right to challenge Kur-

And in between receiving gifts

still found time for a strenous

King, one of tennis's all-time

greats and still ranked 12th in the

world, said: "I think older players

will continue to make an impact

workout on the practice court.

from fellow players King

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Billie Jean celebrates birthday

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AWSA announces the extension of the closing date for the submission of Prequalification Documents and the Financial Offers concerning Consulting Services for the reuse of the treated effluent water from Waste Stabilization Ponds for agricultural use, until 10:00 a.m. December 19, 1983, which was due on December

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The Telecommunications Corporation (TCC) of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan announces that the submission of Tenders for above mentioned Tender has been extended up to 1400 hours, December 31st, 1983, instead of 30th, November of 1983. Eng. Moh'd Shahid Ismail

Director General

## OCCASION.

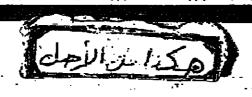
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Sheepsfoot roller: Make: Dynapac, Sweden Type: CA 25 PD Model: 1980

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AHLAN WA SAHLAN

## Trading in ATT starts with roar

NEW YORK (R) - A roar from stockbrokers greeted the first deal in American Telephone and Telegraph Company (ATT) shares Monday, the first day of trading in new stock created by the breakup of the communications giant.

But the appearance of 1.6 million new shares in the world's largest

company, as measured in terms of assets and employees, soon subsided once trading settled into the pattern predicted by analysts. The new listing was the largest in one day's trading on the New York stock exchange but, following 22 months of planning, everything went smoothly with the exchange only slightly more crowded than usual

ATT is being broken up as a result of a government anti-monopoly

Each holder of 10 ATT shares will receive 10 shares of the new ATT company and one share of each of the seven regional firms into

which it is being reorganised. But the new shares will not actually exist until new year's day and will trade for the next three months on a "when issued" basis, which means that cash cannot be delivered for shares traded until late

The New York stock exchange closed sharply higher on improved volume Monday as investors reacted to news that the Federal Reserve (Fed) eased its monetary policy between August and October.
The market's volume rose to about 95.92 million shares from 88,28 million on Friday.

#### **LONDON STOCK MARKET**

ିଞ୍ଜ

LONDON (R) - Share prices closed higher in response to Tuesday's advance on Wall Street but interest was small and selective. dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was up 5.3 at 724.1.

Government bonds firmed as much as half a point with new money in the form of dividendpayments continuing to keep the market buoyant, dealers said.

Metal Box finished 8p up at 288 after higher half year earnings. Gold shares made modest headway and North American stocks Blue Circle ended 10p higher at 428, Glaxo rose 13p to 750,

and Fisons firmed 15p to 739. ICI closed 4p off at 604 after 602 while Tate and Lyle reacted to recent gains losing 4p at 396. Shell recovered 10p of last week's decline at 556 and other oils were mostly firmer. Banks fell as much as 5p but Lloyds added 3p against the trend at 527. Eagle Star lost 7p to 642 with the market

still waiting for an increased offer terms from Allianz Ver-

sicherungs A.G. Mercury Securities firmed 10p to 488 in further reaction to the terms agreed for the acquisition of 29.9 per cent in Akroyd and Smithers which eased 10p to 520.

### **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One U.S. dollar 1.2374′77 2.6980/90 3.0255/65 2.1760′70 54.87/92 8.2155/85

1633.00/1634.00 234.83′93 7.9430/60 7.4875/4905 9.7320′50

1.4703/13

One sterling

. . .

- 7

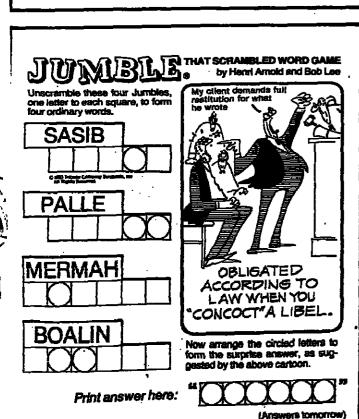
U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs Italian lire Japanese yen

One ounce of gold 375.75'376.25

Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars



'On Mondays my cereal doesn't say snap-cracklepop. On Mondays it just groans."



Jumbies: NEEDY USURY COMMON RADISH

Answer: What she told her cowboy friend not to do-HORSE AROUND

## **NEWS IN BRIEF**

## Turkish trade deficit rises slightly

ANKARA (R) — Turkey's trade deficit widened slightly to \$2.6 billion in the first nine months of this year, from \$2.4 million in the same 1982 period, official figures published Monday showed. Exports in the nine months totalled \$3.9 billion, from the \$3.8 billion in same 1982 period. Imports rose to \$6.5 billion from \$6.2 billion in the first nine months of 1982.

### More U.S. foreign aid urged

WASHINGTON (R) — A high-level commission on U.S. foreign aid said Monday significant increases in assistance programmes were needed to meet American policy goals. The commission said U.S. foreign aid programmes had declined an average of about 21 per cent in the last five years. It said the separation of the current \$11.5 billion aid programme between economic and military aid had diminished its effectiveness and reduced public support.

## Israel gets its first oil from Oslo

TEL AVIV (R) — The first shipment of oil from Norway arrived Tuesday in the southern Israeli port of Ashkelon, the Israel Fuel Authority said. The shipment totalled 120,000 tonnes and was part of an agreement with Norway to sell Israel a half million tonnes annually, the spokesman said. The price of the oil was not disclosed. Israel buys most of its oil from Egypt and Mexico and on the open market.

### U.S. firms charged for tax fraud

NEW YORK (R) - Two New York securities firms distributed over \$130 million of fraudulent income tax deductions, a New York grand jury charged Monday. A 63-count indictment disclosed by U.S. attorney Mr. Rudolph Guiliani said 88 taxpayers were signed on as limited partners in the two firms, which operated for the 1979 and 1980 tax years. The firms - Sentinel Financial Instruments and Sentinel Government Securities aimed to offer fraudulent opportunities to the partners which would enable them to claim tax deductions greater than their initial investment. Mr. Guiliani said. He described the indictment as "the most substantial tax fraud ever criminally charged."

## Firm betters process for coal gas

SULZBACH-ROSENBERG, West Germany (R) - The West German steelmaker Kloeckner said Monday it has developed an economic process for turning "dirty" coal into clean gas. Company officials said the gas would cost no more than natural gas and could displace it and other conventional fuels in the industrial heating market.

### Economists see 5% U.S. growth

WASHINGTON (R) - Leading corporate economists expect the United States economy to expand by a robust average 5 per cent in 1984, according to a survey released Monday. The survey by the National Association of Business Economists, based on replies of its 200 members who advise the top U.S. companies, showed inflation would also average about 5 per cent next year about the same as most forecasts for 1983. The survey also forecast the unemployment rate, now at 8.8 per cent, would drop to an average of about 8.3 per cent in 1984.

## GATT to study Caribbean plan

GENEVA (R) — The world trade regulating body the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) has decided to set up a working party to study President Reagan's controversial plan to give trade and tax benefits to 28 non-communist countries in the Caribbean. The decision came during the opening day Monday of the 39th annual session of the GATT following Washington's request to waive some of its GATT obligations in order to set up the special trade area, a GATT spokesman said. Brazil said the scheme could harm Brazil's sugar trading interests, Cuba said it did not believe the plan would do any good.

ITS ONLY

CAN'T ISI EEP

FOOTBALL GAMES HAVE

FANS.. CHURCHES HAVE

ONGREGATIONS...CONCERTS

CLOSER 50 COULD SET

OH, BEFORE I FORGET, I MUST FIX THAT

CURTAIN RAIL

BEDROOM-

HAVE AUDIENCES ...

Peanuts

I'VE BEEN WATCHING

AN EXCITING FOOTBALL

GAME .. THE CONGREGATION

15 60ING WILD ...

Mutt 'n' Jeff

**Andy Capp** 

STAFF

SHUT OFF, THERE'S

NOTHING ELSE WE

# **Kuwait boosts** oil production

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait, which hosts a meeting of Arab oil producers Wednesday, is exceeding its OPEC oil output quota as part of efforts to help warring Iraq boost its export earnings, industry sources said Tuesday.

Organisation of Arab Petroleum Ceyhan, they said. Exporting Countries (OAPEC) is expected to discuss Iraqi exports. along with the 38-month-old Iraq-Iran war and an Iranian threat to close the Gulf to all oil exp-

Industry sources said Syria which supports Iran in the war was also likely to come under pressure to reopen an Iraqi oil pipeline across its territory to the Mediterranean.

OAPEC includes Kuwait. Iraq. Syria, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates (UAE). Bahrain. Qatar, Libya, Algeria and Tunisia.

The industry sources here said Kuwait is currently producing between 1.1 million and 1.2 million barrels of oil per day (b'd) compared with its OPEC quota of 1.05 million to fulfill a so-called advance swap arrangement with

Under the swap arrangement. leading OPEC (Organisationn of Petroleum Exporting Countries members Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are allowing between 2(R),(RR) and 300,000 b'd of crude to be lifted by importers on behalf of Baghdad, the sources said.

Iraq, which under the arrangement will allow the two states to lift similar amounts of its crude output at a later date, now is receiving revenue from about 1.1 million b'd of exported crude.

The one-day meeting of the Turkish Mediterranean port of

It is also exporting about 180,000 tonnes of oil products a month by road tanker via Aqaba in Jordan and Turkey, the sources

Before the Gulf war started in September 1980, Iraq exported about 3.4 million b'd of crude, and the resultant drop has helped cause major economic problems in the country.

Shortly after the conflict started. Iraq's oil outlets at the head of the Gulf were closed and in April last year Damascus closed the Iraqi pipeline running from Kirkuk and Mosul to a Romanian-built refinery at the

Syrian port of Baniyas. The industry sources said that while Syria was expected to come under pressure Wednesday to reopen the pipeline and reduce its level of support for non-Arab Iran, the Damascus government is unlikely to do so.

The sources said that if Syria did reopen the oil outlet, this would be welcomed as a show of "brotherhood" by other Arab states and would help pave the way for oil-rich Gulf countries to increase the flow of cash to Damascus.

The Gulf states are also keen for Syria to reopen the pipeline in an attempt to pressure frag not to strike at Iran's main oil export terminal at Kharg island.

Iran has threatened to close the This includes about 800,000 b'd Strait of Hormuz at the mouth of through a pipeline linking the Iraq disrupts Iranian oil Iraqi oil city of Kirkuk and the movements.

## **IMF** warns Italy

ROME (R) - International the average for other major ind-Monetary Fund (IMF) economists ustralised nations. And the study nation's economic ills.

1984 budget policies are inadequate and that harsh additional measures will be needed early in the new year.

Treasury officials said the report, which was presented to the socialist-led government of Mr. Bettino Craxi earlier this month, showed the IMF was deeply worried about the economy.

It concludes that Italy has failed to correct its structural problems during the recession and that growth and employment prospects are limited by excessive public spending.

Italy's inflation rate, which was 13.3 per cent in October, is double

COURTROOMS HAVE

SPECTATORS... RIOTS HAVE

MOBS AND ACCIDENTS

HAVE ONLOOKERS ...

MOKSE.

NO, NO, PET, LEAVE THAT TO ME, YOU <

MIGHT FALL AND

HURT YOURSELF

have presented the Italian gov- says Italy's position could become ernment with a tough warning that intolerable if external recovery it must do more to cure the pushes up raw material prices. The government's 1984 budget.

An annual IMF report, made which aims to hold public sector public Monday argues that Italy's borrowing unchanged next year at 90,000 billion fire (\$55 billion) is "a step in the right direction, but an inadequate step because the public debt as a percentage of gross domestic product would still rise," says the report. It casts doubt on the gov-

ernment's ability to reach its targets on borrowing or reducing inflation to 10 per cent next year. It is also doubtful that pension

and health spending cuts already announced will be fully realised. The government is urged to

reopen talks with the trade unions to curb pay rises and aim to reduce revenue erosion with new tax measures.

THE CONGREGATION

JUST TORE DOWN

THE 60AL POSTS!

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Morning is good for coming

to a better understanding with others through cooperative

attitudes on both sides. Later don't get involved in con-

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You and an associate can

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Get your work done early

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You are enthusiastic about

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Get that home

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Handle vital correspondence

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You can finally handle that

financial affair easily. Don't permit a somewhat psychotic

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You have fine ideas in the

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Schedule your time and

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) A good friend can

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Go to a bigwig for sup-

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) You have many in-

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Follow that hunch in the

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will see

nothing wrong in others and will weigh and balance

everything nicely. Encourage this. Your progeny will have

his or her eyes opened to things as they are. Provide a

"The Stars impel; they do not compel." What you make

morning and get things as you want them to be. Don't rush

teresting ideas in your mind, but work has to be completed.

port for a goal you have and get it. Steer clear of a part-

help you to gain a personal wish that means much to you

activities early so that you can accomplish a good deal,

but steer clear of someone who is depressing.

Don't permit your mate to dissuade you.

morning, but later you have all kinds of problems that need

early. Don't permit a private worry to deter your progress

situation well-handled in the morning and you soon get

getting much accomplished early in the day. Get good

in the morning in the most efficient way. Later, com-

come to a fine understanding by giving in a little. Take

YOUR DAILY

tentions with those close to you.

care not to argue at home.

municate well with others.

results in money matters.

in the business world.

friend to deflate your ego.

your full attention to solve.

ner who likes to harass you.

out later for expensive fun.

good diet and give religious training.

of your life is largely up to you!

so go to it.

ACROSS

1 Bridge bid 5 George

or Invin

comb, form

9 Imperia

16 Draw out

17 Operatic

14 Pay up

15 Lizard:

rid of that feeling of discontent.

from the Carroll Righter Institute

## THE Daily Crossword by Rhoda Kraus

47 "Paddle

53 Fullness

57 Musical

58 Danger 59 Dimension

61 Encourage

eamestly

your own

49 Complaints

29 Degree for

30 Household

animal

France

38 Unpolished 39 Suffix with

aster or

37 Head of



song 47 Actor Eastwood 48 Proclama-50 More chaste 52 Men of vision 53 Buy - in a poke 54 Care card athletes 56 Pound the 60 Continental

13 — majesta

21 Obliterate

shelters

tor the

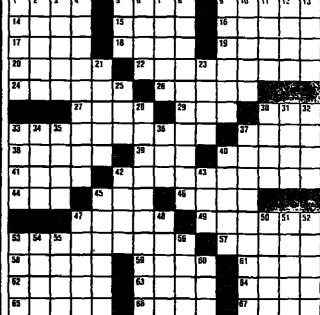
30 Inca land

31 Latin abbr.

scope or

23 - the lify

25 Craft



IVE GOT THAT TRIP WITH THE LADS TO LONDON COMING UP - WE CAN'T HAVE YOU OFF WORK

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## WORLD

## 'Impossible to guard every church'.

## U.K. sends more troops to N. Ireland border

BELFAST (R) — The British government said Tuesday it was increasing the number of troops in the troubled border region of Northern Ireland, where gunmen shot dead three men in a raid on a Protestant chapel on Sunday.

"We have had a higher profile (in the region) in recent weeks and we shall step this up now," Northern Ireland Secretary James Prior told an interviewer on British radio.

"It is quite impossible to think that we could guard every church service and church congregation in Northern Ireland. What we can do is to pay particular attention to those ones down on the border." he said.

The shooting, in the village of Darkley near the border with the Irish Republic, has plunged the British-ruled province into a major political and security crisis.

Peru strike

may cause

A leading Protestant politician. the Rev. Ian Paisley, has thr-

Transport owners said they had

off the road to press the gov-

Sri Lanka

extends state

of emergency

COLOMBO (R) — Sri Lanka's

nationwide state of emergency has

been extended until Dec. 17 to

combat guerrilla attacks and pre-

vent a recurrence of ethnic vio-

lence in which nearly 400 people

Parliament Monday night voted

130-0 for the extension after Par-

liamentary Affairs Minister Vin-

cent Perera said guerrilla violence

was continuing in the northern

and eastern provinces.

eatened to set up a vigilante force. Meanwhile the official Unionist Party. the biggest pro-British group, has decided to withdraw from the provincial assembly until the government tightens security.

The assembly was set up last year as the latest attempt to foster power-sharing between the Protestant loyalist majority and Catholic nationalist minority, but it has been boycotted by the nationalists.

In a statement the official Unionists said the assembly now constituted "nothing more than a formal device for ritual protest without any effective power to protect those it represents and for

While the assembly could technically continue with Rev. Paisley's Democratic Unionist Party and the non-sectarian Alliance Party, the boycott by official unionists reduces its already limited

Mr. Prior met his police and army chiefs in the province to review policy Sunday night as security forces on both sides of the Irish border searched for the two gunmen who attacked the tiny church

Police said they believed a breakaway Republican guerrilla

group was responsible. They said a gun involved in Sunday's attack was used in previous incidents in which the Irish National Liberation Army (INLA), which broke from the Irish Republican Army (IRA). claimed responsibility.

But the INLA's political wing. the Irish Republican Socialist Party (IRSP), has condemned the

## Karen rebels, ICRC talk about fate of kidnapped

N. Koreans

the Rangoon bomb blast last

month that killed 21 people inc-

luding four South Korean cabinet

ministers, went on trial charged

with murder and illegal possession

Kang Chul Min and Zin Mo

appeared before a special session

of the Rangoon divisional court

held inside the Burmese capital's

heavily guarded military hea-

the elbow, and Zin, were both

handcuffed to plainclothes police

as they were led into the court and

seated facing three judges on a

dais flanked by red and blue Bur-

Both men looked drawn and

thin as the prosecutor. U Tin Hli-

ang, a superintendent of the spe-

cial branch police, informed the

court they each faced three cha-

rges of murder and illegal arms

He said the two North Koreans

were captured within three days of

the blast at Rangoon's martyrs

Zin and Kang were told by the

presiding judge. Lt. Col. Maung

Maung, that defence lawyers

would be provided for them at

mausoleum on Oct. 9.

state expense.

mese national flags.

Kang, his left arm amputated at

on trial

dauarters.

BANGKOK (R) - Karen secessionist rebels holding a French couple in Burma said they were holding talks Tuesday with Red Cross officials, mediating on behalf of Paris for the release of the

A Karen spokesman said the talks were being held "somewhere at the Thai-Burmese border area." but declined to give more

The Karens captured engineer Jacques Bossu, 26, and his wife Martine, 24, at a cement factory project on Oct. 18 and said France must end all aid to the government in Rangoon.

The rebels, who have been fig-hting the government since 1948 to back demands for an autonomous Karen state, earlier threatened to put the couple on trial and jail them if Paris did not agree to negotiations by Dec. 2.

A spokesman of the Karen Nat-"Now that the economy of the ional Union (KNU) told Reuters country looks brighter and the future optimistic, I can, in good conscience, annouced that I am resigning from the executive committee and that my public life is co-terminous with that of President Marcos," Mrs. Marcos said.

## Burma puts 2 Hawke leaves Bangkok for Delhi Singapore in particular has acc-

BANGKOK (R) - Australian Prime Minister Bob Hawke left here Tuesday for New Dethi after 2 two-day visit aimed at patching RANGOON (R) - Two North up a rift between Australia and Koreans accused of taking part in the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) over

Kampuchea. He said his talks with Thai Prime Minister Prem Tinsulanonda had helped clear up misapprehensions about Australia's role and added "we could not. I believe, more satisfied than

ASEAN, grouping Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia and the Philippines, has been critical in the past of Australia's independent role in trying to resolve the Kampuchean problem.

Imelda Marcos

rnment office.

Mrs. Marcos

does not want

to be president

MANILA (R) - Imelda Marcos.

influential and politically pow-

erful wife of Philippines' President

Ferdinand Marcos, has declared

herself out of the running for the presidency or any other high gov-

In a letter she read to the nat-

ional assembly. Mrs. Marcos also

said that suggesting she had pre-

sidential ambitions was mis-

In a parallel declaration aimed

at easing increasing concern over who might succeed Mr. Marcos.

the president's ruling party said it'

favoured amending the con-

stitution to restore the vice-

presidency in 1987 when the next

presidential elections are sch-

national assembly should be int-

erim chief of state if the president

died or resigned before his term of

Mrs. Marcos surprise ann-

ouncement and the statement by

the ruling party, the new society movement (KBL), could ease

It also said the speaker

eduled to be held.

office ends in 1987.

the Philippines.

hievous gossip and idle talk.

used Australia of bending over backwards to please Vietnam.

During his talks with Thai officials Mr. Hawke stressed repeatedly that Australia shared ASEAN's fundamental aim of ending Vietnam's occupation of Kampuchea and ensuring selfdetermination for the Kam-

He said differences that existed lay in emphasis and approach. Thai officials described the differences as minor and said Thailand would continue to work closelv with Australia on matters of mutual interest.

Before Mr. Hawke's arrival intention of imposing their views

on him. Privately they recognised they could not change Australia's policy on Indochina.

They were not proved wrong in their expectations. Mr. Hawke told a press con-

ference before his departure Australia's aim was to loosen the Soviet grip on Vietnam and bring i back into the community of nat-

He said it was not in the interest of any country for Vietnam to be dependent almost exclusively on the Soviet Union.

He said there was some evidence of a shift in the previously uncompromising stands of Victnam and ASEAN over Kamhere Thai officials said they had no puchea and described this as hop-

### Commonwealth va. N. Delhi regulations

NEW DELHI (R) - Security off-

icials were given a few heartstopping moments at New Delhi Airport when some African ka-ders arrived for the Comroonwealth summit, officials said Tuesday Mrs. Betty Kaunda, wife of Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda, caused a flurry when immigration discovered that her vellow fever impoculation certificate had lapsed six months ago. She was whisked through with her husband, but her "infringement" of India's strict health rules was referred to Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's office for consideration, they said. It was understood the matter had been dropped quietly. A machine-gun was seized from a bodyguard accompanying President Julius Nyerere of Tanzania who arrived on Monday. A cus-toms official promised he would get it back when he left.

#### Santa Klaus mails bomb to Reagan

NEW YORK (R) - Police have intercepted a suspected parcel bomb addressed to President Reagan and carrying the message "Merry Christmas, Santa, Ho, Ho,: Ho." The shoebox-shaped parcel. about 45 cms long and 25 cms high, with a Canadian postmark, was found at Kennedy Airport. Police said an X-ray check showed it appeared to contain a timer and two sticks of dynamite.

## Judge doubles Flynt's daily fine

LOS ANGELES (R) - A judge has announced he would double to \$20,000 the daily fine he has imposed on Larry Flynt until the sex magazine publisher reveals the source of a key tape recording. In the recording, which Mr. Flynt played to reporters, a government eatened carmaker John De Lorean, accused of conspiring to import 100 kg of cocaine, if Mr. De Lorean backed out of an alleged deal. Mr. Flynt, who appeared in court Monday wearing a U.S. flag as an apron, asked U.S. federal judge Robert Takasugi: "What happens when I run out of money?" "Then I have to resort to other means." Judge Takasugi

## 2 Germans die in escape bid

HELMSTEDT, West Germany (R) - Two people were reported killed and a woman injured when East German guards opened fireon a petrol tanker trying to crash across the border to West Germany, border police said Tuesday. The police quoted eyewitnesses saying they saw two dead bodies beside the 32-tonne tanker, stopped by East German guards Monday night after a high speed chase.

### Sawmill disaster kills owner, 3 others

CHESTER, Texas (R) — A steel cable snapped at a sawmill and sliced off the heads of the owner and three employees, officials said. A fifth man was injured when the broken cable whipped across the sawmill at neck height Monday.

### Barbacue blast kills 10 Japanese

KAKEGAWA, Japan (R) - A gas explosion at a barbecue killed at least 10 people and injured 26 Tuesday in this central Japanese city, the fire department said. The propane gas explosion ripped through a building in the barbecee garden of the Yamaha recreation

### Illegal tombstone gets man in trouble

SINGAPORE (R)—The trial has begun of a man charged under Singapore's Internal Security Act-with possession of a tombetone described in court as a subversive document. A district court heard that the inscription on the tombstone glorified the man's dead brother, a member of the Communist Malayan National Liberation Front which is outlawed here and in neighbouring Malaysia.

## whom it should be responsible." Jaruzelski quits defence post, gains more power

army action WARSAW (R) - Polish Com-LIMA (R) - The armed forces munist Party leader Gen. Wojare ready to intervene in a strike ceich Jaruzelski resigned Tuesday by bus and truck owners that has as defence minister but was appparalysed most public transport in ointed head of a newly-formed Peru, a government spokesman national defence committee that will control the armed forces.

He said the armed forces pla-Gen. Jaruzelski, defence minnned to provide bus services Tueister since 1968, will remain as sday in areas hard hit by the stoprime minister. ppage that began Monday.

Parliamentary sources said he Police and municipal authorities in major cities said the strwould be replaced at the defence ministry by his deputy. Gen. Floike, declared illegal by the govrian Siwicki, in a government resernment, had halted most trahuffle due to be announced laternsport except in provinces bordering Ecuador to the north

The national defence committee (KOK), created by parkept more than 300,000 vehicles liament Monday, will have wide powers including the right to decemment to lift import and sales taxes on vehicles and spare parts. lare and administer a state of eme-

rgency if necessary. the machinery to act more swiftly Jan. 1.

and efficiently than in 1981, when martial law was declared because of the confrontation with the Solidarity free trade union.

Chairmanship of the committee consolidates Gen. Jaruzelski's position as the most powerful member of the leadership, the sources said. Parliament approved his appointment unanimously and Gen. Jaruzelski was applauded enthusiastically when he rose to acknowledge his election.

Although the political situation in Poland is calm, the authorities are wary of any sign of a return to the industrial chaos of the Solidarity era as they struggle to hasten the revival of the economy.

Solidarity, banned under martial law, has called for strikes in strategic industries in opposition to the government's widely resented plans to raise food prices by would provide the authorities with between 10 and 15 per cent on

## Liberian coup thwarted

ABIDJAN (R) — Liberian leader Samuel Doe said Monday night a plot to overthrow him involving several leading members of his ruling People's Redemption Council (PRC) had been foiled, Monrovia

Radio reported Tuesday.

Speaking on the radio, monitored in Abidjan, the 31-year-old Liberian leader said 12 leading plotters, all members of the armed forces, were arrested and were being investigated.

Mr. Doe, who came to power in a bloody coup in April 1980, did not say when the plot was foiled or the arrests made.

> He said he first heard of a coup attempt on Nov. 14 from an army officer he named as Capt. Johnny Herring who reported that leading

officers were planning a coup.

The Liberian leader pledged the

accused would be given a fair trial. the Red Cross (ICRC).

from the northern Thai border town of Mae Sot that the meeting was between KNU leaders and John Michel Monod, the Bangkok-based representative of the International Committee of

## Leaders gather for Commonwealth summit

NEW DELHI (R) - Commonwealth presidents and prime ministers assembled Tuesday to discuss the arms race. Third World poverty and black Africa's rising anger over Namibia.

African frustration over the near-breakdown of Namibian independence talks threatens to boil into a major issue when the biennial summit of the 48-nation Commonwealth opens Wed-

The 15 African members blame the United States and other Western nations for delays in getting South Africa to relinquish control over Namibia (also known as South West Africa), the last black African territory still under foreign rule.

The seven-day summit will also discuss how the Commonwealth can help Grenada once U.S. troops leave the Caribbean island and it is expeacted to rally behind

the Cyprus government following the proclamation of a Turkish-Cypriot breakaway state last week. Officials close to Indian Prime

Minister Indira Gandhi said the summit would issue a unanimous call to the superpowers for new efforts towards arms control and improved East-West relations. Summit organisers, aware that the Commonwealth has no power

to enforce recommendations have tagged the New Delhi meeting a "healing touch summit" in the hope that its united voice will have a useful influence on contentious global problems. Commonwealth secretary-General Shridath Ramphal was

seeking to head off a possible clash between the six Commonwealth Caribbean nations which supported last month's invasion of Grenada and other Caribbean sta-tes which opposed it. officials said.

## U.S. military police may stay behind in Grenada

ST. GEORGE'S, Grenada (R) -The United States may leave military police on Grenada when the combat soldiers used in the invasion of the island return home, military officials here said.

right now that the M.P.'s ( Military Police) could not do." the tactical commander for U.S. forces in Grenada. Col. Terry Scott, told

Reuters. "I can see leaving some sort of residual force put together probably under international comsome of the political uncertainty in

mand," Col. Scott added. White House spokesman Larry Speakes said last week that all U.S. combat troops would be wit-

hdrawn by Dec. 23. U.S. officials here said that

some soldiers would remain but that they would be from engineer, medical and support units. Military officials maintains that

there are still a dozen "hard core" Cuban and Grenadian resistance fighters hiding in the countryside and Grenadian officials complain that the present police force cannot maintain law and order. "While it has not been

ermined which troops will remain in Grenada and who will maintain security functions here. M.P.s are in a category which could remain on the island," U.S. spokesman James Dandridge said.

Officials said about 300 U.S. M.P.'s were on Grenada but could not say whether the number would be increased. They added it would be up to Grenada's caretaker government to decide what type of security force it wants.

Sources close to the gov-ernment said it wanted all forces to leave as soon as possible.

But one U.S. embassy officials said: "We will be here for years."

Oswald himself protested his

innocence during his two days in custody before Ruby killed him as

he was being transferred to ano-

Ruby, a 52-year-old Dallas nig-

htclub owner with some shady

connections, died of cancer in pri-son in 1967. He insisted he was

not part of a conspiracy and was

awaiting retrial after his original

conviction was thrown out on a

ther jail.

technicality.

#### 20 years after Kennedy assassination, questions still abound teeth proved it was Oswald. By David Nagy

## **GOREN BRIDGE**

BY CHARLES GOREN

THE SECRET IS TO PLAN AHEAD! Both vulnerable. North

NORTE **◆ AK 10973** ♥ 1065 ◇ A K 10 WEST **EAST ∳J862** ♥J742 ◇J987 ♦ 643 4 A 964 4 QJ 1087 SOUTH 4 Q 5 VAKQ83 ♦ Q 5 2 OK52

The bidding: North East South West -1 c Pass 2 ♥ Pass Pass 3 7 Pass 4 ♥ Pass 4 NT Pass 5 C Pass 6 NT Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Nine of O.

Here's a chance to match your technique against Toronto's Sammy Kehela, one of the world's master diamonds and, had he been technicians. Just cover the East-West hands with your thumbs and plan the play at, six no trump after a diamond

have been at the mercy of a behaved kindly. Note that six my, and the slam was home.

spades requires an inspired guess in the trump suit, and that six hearts might fail if the defenders' hands were reversed. Kehela won the diamond

lead in dummy and cashed the king- ace of hearts. When West showed out on the second heart, declarer unblocked dummy's ten. He crossed to the table with the high diamond and took the marked heart finesse. After cashing the queen of diamonds, he ran the heart

A careless declarer might have discarded dummy's club in the hope of making an overtrick, but not Kehela. Since he needed only four spade tricks to make his slam, he discarded two of dummy's spades. West, meanwhile, was forced to come down to four spades and the ace of clubs.

Declarer cashed the queen of spades and queen of gifted with second sight, he would have continued by finessing dummy's ten of spades. However, he made: the normal play of a spade to Note that Kehela carefully the king, but when East avoided playing in a suit con- showed out declarer still had tract. At a suit slam he might another string to his bow. He fed a club to his king and break in his trump suit. At West's ace. On West's forced six no trump he might get spade return declarer took home if either major suit the marked finesse in dum-

WASHINGTON - After 20 years of work by federal agents. official inquiries and zealous amateurs, questions about President Kennedy's assassination still haunt the United States. An official inquiry decided an obscure drifter named Lee Harvey Oswald was the lone assassin, but doubters ranging from Conand writers still insist there must have been a conspiracy behind the murder of the 35th U.S. president

over the years, many of them contradictory and based more on suspicion, assumption and deduction than hard facts, have included: That Oswald, 24, a Marxist who had lived in the Soviet Union and

in Dallas on Nov. 22, 1963.

Conspiracy theories advanced

was himself killed before he could stand trial, was backed by the Soviet KGB - or was a double agent for the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA). Others say he was a pawn of the

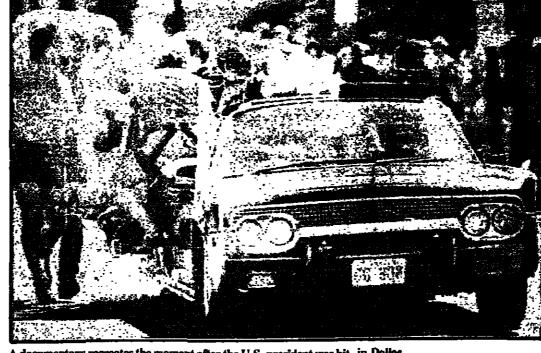
wing oil-men or the mafia. Some insist he was a pro-Castro fanatic seeking revenge for CIA plots to murder the Cuban leader in the early 1960s or conversely that Oswald had changed into a Castro-hater who thought Ken-

U.S. military or powerful right-

nedy had gone soft on Cuba. In some of these theories. Oswald was the lone gunman. Others say he was one of several, or was not involved at all.

A presidential commission headed by then-Chief Justice Earl Warren of the Supreme Court thought it had ended the speculation in 1964 when it ruled that Oswald, acting alone, shot Mr. Kennedy with a rifle as he rode in an open car through Dallas.

Oswald was in turn assassinated wo days later by nig-



A documentary recreates the moment after the U.S. president was hit in Dallas

hiclub owner Jack Ruby, who was committee concluded its own described as a Kennedy admirer. Backed by 40,000 pages of Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) files, the inquiry added that: The commission has found no evidence that either Oswald or Ruby was part of any conspiracy.

domestic or foreign." Surviving members of the commission, including former-President Gerald Ford, still stand by that finding.

Skeptical Americans Yet polls over the years have found that those suspecting some type of plot have ranged from a majority of Americans to more estigations is a sub-culture of than 80 per cent of those sur-

In 1979, a special congressional

two-year inquiry saying: "The committee believes that President Kennedy was probably assassinated as a result of a con-

"The committee is unable to identify the other gunman or the extent of the conspiracy."

This finding was based on analyses of a tape recording made at the time of the shooting which indicated shots from a second gun. This was rejected in turn by National Academy of Sciences experts, who said their studies did not support the theory.

Beyond the official inv-"conspiracy buffs", driven by the conviction that the Warren report was a hasty, slipshod work, full of holes and may be even part of the conspirators' cover-up.

Some of these people have vir-tually dedicated their lives to cracking the Kennedy case, undaunted by time, the death of witnesses, cold trails, contradictory theories and ridicule.

Connoisseurs of the conspiracy claims say the favourite now is the "mob-hit theory", that the mafia killed Mr. Kennedy in retaliation for the crime-busting crusade of his brother, Attorney-General Robert Kennedy.

Then there are the professional authors, still producing volumes of conspiracy literature. One book, claiming the assassin was not really Oswald but a double planted by the Soviets led to the exhumation

of his body in 1981. A medical examiner said the

Unanswered questions The Warren report also left

many questions unanswered. It concluded essentially that Oswald, aiming from the sixthfloor window of a shcoolbook warehouse where he worked, fired three shorts at Kennedy from behind. It said two bullets hit Kennedy, who was in the back of an open car, and one of those two also wounded Texas Governor John Connally in front.

how one slug could hit two people and emerge smooth and undistorted. Most troubling, a film taken by an eyewitness shows Mr. Kennedy pitching backwards as he is hit,

Investigators question why a

third bullet was never found and

suggesting the shot came from ahead and not behind. Medical experts have explained that as a kind of convulsive movement, but doubters are not satisfied and there are many other points of disputed evidence.

The final puzzle is Oswald him-The FBI never found any evidence that he hated Mr. Kennedy and meant to kill him. Dealing with motive, the Warren report concluded: "No one will ever know what passed through Osw-

ald's mind during the week before